

DIRECTORS' REPORT
OF
GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED
[Corporate Identification Number (CIN): U01400MH2014PLC252382]
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Board's Report along with the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2017.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY / HIGHLIGHTS:

Your Company's performance during the Financial Year 2016-17 is summarized below:-

(Rs. in Lakh)

	For the Financial Year ended 31/03/2017	For the Financial Year ended 31/03/2016
Total Income	341.00	237.81
Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation	36.09	59.98
Less : Taxation	(4.05)	0.11
Profit After Taxation (PAT)	40.14	59.87

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS / STATE OF AFFAIRS:

Your Company owns lands in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Rajasthan, which have been leased to Godrej Agrovet Limited, Holding Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS SINCE THE FINANCIAL YEAR END:

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between March 31, 2017 and the date of this Directors' Report.

DIVIDEND:

The Directors do not recommend any Dividend on Equity Shares for the Financial Year 2016-17.

SHARE CAPITAL:

The Company's Equity Share Capital position as on March 31, 2017 is as follows:-

	Authorized Share Capital			Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up Share Capital		
	No. of Shares	Face Value (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)	No. of Shares	Face Value (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
Equity	1,05,00,000	10	10,50,00,000	99,50,000	10	9,95,00,000
	Total		10,50,00,000	Total		9,95,00,000

There was no change in the share capital of the Company during the Financial Year 2016-17.

DEPOSITS:

Your Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013, i.e., deposits within the meaning of Rule 2(1)(c) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the Financial Year 2016-17.

HOLDING COMPANY:

Godrej Agrovet Limited, Holding Company, continues to hold 100% (One Hundred per cent) of the Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company.

There was no change in this position during the Financial Year 2016-17.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY:

The Company had no subsidiary company as on April 1, 2016 and also there was no change in this position during the Financial Year 2016-17.

ASSOCIATE COMPANY:

The Company had no associate company [within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013] as on April 1, 2016 and also there was no change in this position during the Financial Year 2016-17.

DIRECTORS:

The Board of Directors of the Company as on March 31, 2017 comprises of the following Directors:

1. Mr. S. Varadaraj (Director)
2. Dr. P. N. Narkhede (Director)
3. Mr. Prafulla J. Bhat (Director)

Mr. Prafulla J. Bhat (DIN: 06762076) retires by rotation at the ensuing Fourth Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company in accordance with Section 152 of Companies Act, 2013 and Article 130 of Articles of Association of the Company and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

Mr. Mangesh Wange has resigned from the directorship of the Company w.e.f. May 17, 2016 and the Board of Directors would like to place on record, sincere appreciation for the efficient and matured advice and guidance given by Mr. Mangesh Wange during his tenure as a Director of the Company.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Meetings of the Board of Directors are pre-scheduled and intimated to all the Directors in advance to order to facilitate them to plan their schedule.

There were 5 (five) Meetings of the Board of Directors held during the Financial Year 2016-17 (i.e., on May 9, 2016, May 17, 2016, August 11, 2016, October 21, 2016, and February 7, 2017, in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

The Extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 pursuant to Sections 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 and forming part of the Directors' Report is annexed hereto as "ANNEXURE 'A'".

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the provisions contained in sub-sections (3)(c) and (5) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors of your Company confirm that:-

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year (i.e., March 31, 2017) and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period (i.e., the Financial Year 2016-17);
- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

RESPONSES TO QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS, ADVERSE REMARKS & DISCLAIMERS MADE BY THE STATUTORY AUDITORS:

There are no qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks and disclaimers of the Statutory Auditors in their report on Financial Statements for the Financial Year 2016-17.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

There are no guarantees and investments covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 made during the Financial Year (F.Y.) 2016-17.

The details of Loans / Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs) covered under the provisions of the Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, to be utilized by the recipients for financing their business requirements, are provided in Note No. 5 of the Financial Statements.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 188 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

The disclosure of particulars of contracts or arrangements with Related Parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') including certain arm's length transactions under the third proviso thereto and forming part of the Directors' Report in the prescribed Form No. AOC-2 pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is given in "**ANNEXURE "B"**" to this Directors' Report.

All the Related Party transactions which were entered into during the Financial Year 2016-17 were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

Your Company does not have any manufacturing facility at present. Therefore, the disclosures pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 pertaining to Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Adaption and Innovation are not applicable to your Company. The Company also did not have any foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the Financial Year 2016-17.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Company has a risk management policy and in the opinion of the Board of Directors, no risks have been identified which may threaten the existence of the Company.

The Board judges the fair and reasonable extent of risks that your Company is willing to take and its decisions are based on this reasonable judgment.

SIGNIFICANT REGULATORY OR COURT ORDERS:

During the Financial Year 2016-17, there are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or Courts or Tribunals which can adversely impact the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH RESPECT TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Your Company remains committed to improve effectiveness of internal financial controls and processes to ensure security to its assets and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements are adequate in the opinion of the Board of Directors.

The Company has a proper system of internal controls to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.

The Corporate Audit & Assurance Department of Godrej Agrovet Limited, the Holding Company which is ISO 9001: 2008 certified, issues well documented operating procedures and authorities, with adequate built-in controls at the beginning of any activity and during the continuation of the process, if there is a major change.

The internal control is supplemented by an extensive programme of internal, external audits and periodic review by the Management. This system is designed to adequately ensure that financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial information and other data and for maintaining accountability of assets.

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The Members are requested to ratify the appointment of M/s. Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP (K&M), Chartered Accountants, Mumbai (Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the current Financial Year 2017-18 at the ensuing Fourth Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139 and 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014.

The Members, at their First Annual General Meeting held on September 24, 2014, have appointed M/s Kalyaniwalla & Mistry as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of the First AGM until the conclusion of the Sixth AGM, subject to ratification by the Members at each AGM, at such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon between K&M and the Board of Directors of the Company.

K&M has reconfirmed its eligibility to continue to act as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2017-18 pursuant to the provisions stated hereinabove.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The additional information required to be given under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, has been laid out in the Notes attached to and forming part of the Accounts. The Notes to the Accounts referred to the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further explanation.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

Since there were no employees in the Company, the Company is not required to comply with the provisions of Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Godvet Agrochem Limited**

**Sd/-
S. Varadaraj
Director
(DIN: 00323436)**

**Sd/-
Prafulla J. Bhat
Director
(DIN: 06762076)**

Mumbai, May 12, 2017

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN IN FORM NO. MGT-9
OF
GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED

As at the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2017

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and
Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

- i. CIN: U01400MH2014PLC252382
- ii. Registration Date: 22/01/2014
- iii. Name of the Company: GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED
- iv. Category / Sub-Category of the Company:
Company limited by Shares – Indian Non-government Company
- v. Address of the Registered Office and Contact details:
"Godrej One", 3rd Floor,
Pirojshanagar, Eastern Express Highway,
Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079,
Maharashtra, India
Tel.: +91-22-2518 8010 / 8020 / 8030
- vi. Whether listed company: No
- vii. Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any: The
Company has not appointed Registrar & Transfer Agent.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company:-

Sr. No.	Name and Description of Main Products / Services	NIC Code of the Product / Service (as per NIC 2008)	% to Total Turnover of the Company
1.	N/A		
2.	N/A		
3.	N/A		

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

Sl. No	Name And Address of the Company	CIN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of Shares Held	Applicable Section
1.	Godrej Agrovet Limited <u>Registered Office:</u> "Godrej One", 3 rd Floor, Pirojshanagar, Eastern Express Highway, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079, Maharashtra, India	U15410MH1991PLC135359	Holding Company	100% Shareholding	Section 2(87)(ii)
2.	Godrej Industries Limited <u>Registered Office:</u> "Godrej One", Pirojshanagar, Eastern Express Highway, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079, Maharashtra, India	L24241MH1988PLC097781	Holding Company (Ultimate Holding Company)	Nil (No direct Shareholding)	Section 2(87)(ii)
3.	Vora Soaps Limited <u>Registered Office:</u> Eastern Express Highway, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079, Maharashtra, India	U24241MH1979PLC021804	Holding Company (Ultimate Holding Company)	Nil (No direct Shareholding)	Section 2(87)(ii)

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN:**(Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)****(i) Category-wise Share Holding:**

Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B) (1) + (B) (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL (A + B +C)	NIL	99,50,000	99,50,000	100%	NIL	99,50,000	99,50,000	100%	NIL

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year			No. of Shares held at the end of the year			% Change in Shareholding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to Total Shares	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to Total Shares	
1.	Godrej Agrovet Limited	99,50,000	100.00	-	99,50,000	100.00	-	Nil

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding:

Sr. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the end of the year	
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company
	At the beginning of the year	99,50,000	100.00	99,50,000	100.00

	Date-wise Increase / decrease in Promoters' Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity, etc.)			-	-
	At the End of the Year			99,50,000	100.00

(iv) **Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):**

Sr. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the end of the year	
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company
1	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
2	Date-wise Increase / decrease in Promoters' Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity, etc.)	-	-	-	-
-	At the End of the Year	-	-	-	-

(v) **Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:**

Sr. No.	For Each of the Directors & KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the end of the year	
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company
	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
	Date-wise Increase / decrease in Promoters' Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity, etc.)	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the Year	-	-	-	-

V. INDEBTEDNESS:

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment (Rs. in Lac)

	Secured Loans excluding Deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
(i) Principal Amount	-	5,323.25	-	5,323.25
(ii) Interest due but not paid	-	Nil	-	Nil
(iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	254.91	-	254.91
TOTAL (i +ii + iii)	-	5,578.16	-	5,578.16
Changes in Indebtedness during the financial year				
(i) Principal Amount	-	4,334.75	-	4,334.75
(ii) Interest due but not paid	-	Nil	-	Nil
(iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	248.20	-	248.20
Net Change		4,582.95		4,582.95
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
(i) Principal Amount	-	988.50	-	988.50
(ii) Interest due but not paid	-	Nil	-	Nil
(iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	6.72	-	6.72
TOTAL (i +ii + iii)	-	995.22	-	995.22

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP):

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Director and / or Manager:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Managing Director / Whole-time Director / Manager -	Total Amount
-	Gross Salary	N/A	N/A
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	N/A
	(b) Value of perquisites under Section 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	N/A
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) of Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	N/A
2	Stock Option	N/A	N/A
	Sweat Equity (not issued during F.Y. 2014-15)	N/A	N/A
	Commission	N/A	N/A
	As a % of profit	N/A	N/A
	Others (specify)	N/A	N/A
	Total (A)	N/A	N/A
	Ceiling as per the Companies Act	N/A	N/A

B. Remuneration to other Directors:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Names of Directors				Total Amount
	<u>Independent Directors:</u>					
	Fee for attending Board & Committee Meetings	-	-	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	Others (please specify)	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL (1)	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>Other Non-executive Directors:</u>	-	-	-	-	-
	Fee for attending Board & Committee Meetings	-	-	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	Others (please specify)	-	-	-	-	-

	TOTAL (2)	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL (B) = (1) + (2)	-	-	-	-	-

Total Managerial Remuneration	-
Overall Ceiling as per the Act	-

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) other than Managing Director:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			Total Amount
		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	
1	Gross Salary	N/A	-	N/A	-
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	-	N/A	-
	(b) Value of perquisites under Section 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	-	N/A	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) of Income Tax Act, 1961	N/A	-	N/A	-
2	Stock Option	N/A	-	N/A	-
	Sweat Equity	N/A	-	N/A	-
	Commission	N/A	-	N/A	-
	As a % of profit	N/A	-	N/A	-
	Others (specify)	N/A	-	N/A	-
	Total	N/A	-	N/A	-

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment / Compounding Fee imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT / Court]	Appeal made, if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Godvet Agrochem Limited**

Sd/-

**S. Varadaraj
Director
(DIN: 00323436)**

Sd/-

**P. J. Bhat
Director
(DIN: 06762076)**

Date: May 12, 2017
Place: Mumbai

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT**FORM NO. AOC-2**

**Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into
by the Company with related parties
referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013
including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto
OF
GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED
As at the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2017**

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act
and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

- a) Name(s) of the Related Party and nature of relationship
- b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions
- c) Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions
- d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
- e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
- f) Date(s) of approval by the Board
- g) Amount paid as advances, if any
- h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to Section 188

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

Name of the Company & Relationship	Nature of Transaction and Salient Features	Amount (Rs. in Lac)
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Inter Corporate Deposit taken (Tenure: On Demand / Call)	1,119.08
Natures Basket Limited (Fellow Subsidiary)	Inter Corporate Deposit taken (Tenure: On Demand / Call)	5,000.00
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Inter Corporate Deposit returned (Tenure: On Demand / Call)	5,453.83
Natures Basket Limited (Fellow Subsidiary)	Inter Corporate Deposit returned (Tenure: On Demand / Call)	5,000.00
Vora Soaps Limited (currently the Ultimate Holding Company)	Interest Income on Inter Corporate Deposit	83.73
Anamudi Real Estates LLP	Interest Income on Inter Corporate Deposit	116.09

Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Expenses charged to other company	141.18
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Expenses charged by other company	79.91
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Interest Expense on Inter-Corporate Deposit	93.86
Natures Basket Limited (Fellow Subsidiary)	Interest Expense on Inter-Corporate Deposit	208.34
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Inter Corporate Deposit Outstanding (Tenure: On Demand / Call)	988.50
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Outstanding Receivables	7.43
Godrej Agrovet Limited (Holding Company)	Outstanding Payables	7.46

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Godvet Agrochem Limited**

**Sd/-
S. Varadaraj
Director
(DIN: 00323436)**

**Sd/-
P. J. Bhat
Director
(DIN: 06762076)**

Date: May 12, 2017
Place: Mumbai

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED.

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of **GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit (financial performance other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS Financial Statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that

are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2017, and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure A**", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure B**";
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company does not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision under the applicable law or accounting standards.
- iii. There are no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The Company did not have any holdings or dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016 – Refer Note No. 25.

For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 104607W/W100166

Sd/-
Ermin K. Irani
Partner
Membership No.: 35646

Place: Mumbai
Dated: May 12, 2017

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in Para 1 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2017.

Statement on Matters specified in paragraphs 3 & 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016:

- i. (a) The Company does not have any fixed assets hence the provisions of sub clause (a) and (b) of paragraph 3(i) of the Order are not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties classified as Investment Property are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. The company does not have any inventory and hence the provisions of paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order are not applicable.
- iii. The Company has granted unsecured loans to companies and a firm covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. There are no fixed terms of repayment of principle and interest hence the question of regular receipt of principle and interest or any overdue amount does not arise.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not advanced any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. The Company has given loans within the limit specified by section 186 of the Act and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any Deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder are not applicable.
- vi. The company has not commenced operations; hence the provisions of paragraph 3(vi) of the Order regarding maintenance of cost records as prescribed under sub – section (1) of section 148 of the Act, are not applicable.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues in respect of above as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records examined by us, there are no material dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise and Value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.

- viii. The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institutions, banks, government or debenture holders during the year. Hence, the provisions of paragraph 3 (viii) of the order are not applicable.
- ix. The Company has not raised money through initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year, hence the provisions of paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order are not applicable.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books of account and records of the Company, and according to the information and explanation given to us and representations made by the Management, no material fraud by or on the Company by its officers or employees, has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not paid / provided for managerial remuneration. Hence, the provisions of paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order are not applicable.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him. Hence the provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, hence the provisions of paragraph 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable.

For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 104607W/W100166

Sd/-

Ermin K. Irani
PARTNER

Membership No.: 35646

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 12, 2017

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in Para 2 (f) 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2017.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 104607W/W100166

Sd/-
Ermin K. Irani
PARTNER
Membership No.: 35646

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 12, 2017

Godvet Agrochem Limited
Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
I Assets				
(A) Non-current Assets				
(a) Capital Work-In-Progress		0.03	-	7.38
(b) Investment property		2,002.19	1,476.56	1,308.03
(c) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	2	60.05	44.38	25.66
(d) Other Non-current Assets	3	5.00	-	-
Total Non Current Assets		2,067.27	1,520.94	1,341.07
(B) Current Assets				
(a) Financial Assets				
(i) Cash & Cash Equivalents	4	4.52	15.46	120.73
(ii) Loans	5	-	4,904.73	1,329.63
(iii) Others	6	7.43	173.09	56.67
(b) Current Tax Assets (net)		23.06	4.91	-
(c) Other Current Assets	7	-	0.03	0.03
Total Current Assets		35.01	5,098.22	1,507.06
Total Assets		2,102.28	6,619.16	2,848.13
II Equity & Liabilities				
(A) Equity				
(a) Equity Share Capital	8	995.00	995.00	605.00
(b) Other Equity	9	80.92	40.78	37.58
Total Equity		1,075.92	1,035.78	642.58
(B) Liabilities				
(a) Non-current Liabilities				
(1) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	10	-	-	350.00
Total Non Current Liabilities		-	-	350.00
(b) Current Liabilities				
(1) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	11	988.50	5,323.25	1,745.25
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	12	37.06	255.59	96.63
(2) Other Current Liabilities	13	0.80	4.54	11.06
(3) Current Tax Liabilities (net)		-	-	2.61
Total Current Liabilities		1,026.36	5,583.38	1,855.55
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,102.28	6,619.16	2,848.13

The Notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date
For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration Number 104607W/W100166

ERMIN K. IRANI
PARTNER
Membership Number: 35646
Mumbai, May 12, 2017.

Signatures to Balance Sheet
and Notes to the Financial Statements
For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-
S. VARADARAJ
Director
DIN : 00323436

P. J. BHAT
Director
DIN : 06762076

TEJASHREE GUPTA
Company Secretary
ICSI Memb No FCS 7167

Godvet Agrochem Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended March 31, 2017

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
I Revenue from Operations		-	-
II Other Income	14	341.00	237.81
III Expenses			
(a) Finance Costs	15	302.20	176.47
(b) Other Expenses	16	2.71	1.36
Total Expenses		304.91	177.83
IV Profit Before Exceptional Items And Tax		36.09	59.98
V Profit Before Tax		36.09	59.98
VI Tax Expense			
(a) Current Tax		11.62	18.83
(b) Deferred Tax		(15.67)	(18.72)
Total Tax		(4.05)	0.11
VII Profit for the year after tax		40.14	59.87
VIII Other comprehensive income		-	-
IX Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		40.14	59.87
X Earnings per Equity Share Basic & Diluted	17	0.40	0.99

The Notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date
For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration Number 104607W/W100166

ERMIN K. IRANI
PARTNER
Membership Number: 35646
Mumbai, May 12, 2017.

Signatures to Balance Sheet
and Notes to the Financial Statements
For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-
S. VARADARAJ
Director
DIN : 00323436

P. J. BHAT
Director
DIN : 06762076

TEJASHREE GUPTA
Company Secretary
ICSI Memb No FCS 7167

Godvet Agrochem Limited			
Statement of changes in equity			
(INR Lakh)			
	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Equity share capital			
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	995.00	605.00	605.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year			
Right shares issued during the year	-	390.00	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	995.00	995.00	605.00
(b) Other equity			
Attributable to the owners of the Company			
For the year ended		Retained earnings	Total
Balance at March 31, 2016		40.78	40.78
Profit for the year		40.14	40.14
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		40.14	40.14
Balance at March 31, 2017		80.92	80.92
Balance at April 1, 2015	-	37.58	37.58
Profit for the year	-	59.87	59.87
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	59.87	59.87
Interim Dividend	-	(47.08)	(47.08)
Tax on Distributed Profit	-	(9.59)	(9.59)
Balance at March 31, 2016	-	40.78	40.78
<p>For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration Number 104607W/W100166</p> <p>ERMIN K. IRANI PARTNER Membership Number: 35646 Mumbai, May 12, 2017.</p>		<p>For and on behalf of the Board</p> <p>Sd/- S. VARADARAJ Director DIN : 00323436</p> <p>P. J. BHAT Director DIN : 06762076</p> <p>TEJASHREE GUPTE Company Secretary ICSI Memb No FCS 7167</p>	

Godvet Agrochem Limited
Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2017

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :		
Net Profit Before Taxes	36.09	59.98
<u>Adjustment for:</u>		
Interest income	(199.82)	(135.81)
Finance Cost	302.20	176.47
Rent Received	(141.18)	(102.00)
	(38.80)	(61.34)
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	(2.71)	(1.36)
<u>Adjustments for:</u>		
Current Financial assets- Others	165.66	(116.42)
Other current assets	0.03	-
Current / Non-current Financial liabilities- Others	(218.53)	158.96
Other current / non-current liabilities	(3.73)	(6.52)
	(56.57)	36.02
Cash Generated from Operations	(59.28)	34.66
Direct Taxes paid (net of refunds received)	(29.77)	(26.35)
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(89.05)	8.31
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities :		
Acquisition of Investment properties	(530.67)	(161.15)
Intercompany Deposits Given / Repaid	4,904.73	(3,575.10)
Rent Income	141.18	102.00
Interest Received	199.82	135.81
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	4,715.06	(3,498.44)
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities :		
Proceeds from issue of Right Equity Shares	-	390.00
Redemption of Preference Share Capital	-	(350.00)
Repayment of Short Term Borrowings	(4,334.75)	-
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	-	3,578.00
Finance Cost	(302.20)	(176.47)
Dividend Paid	-	(47.08)
Dividend Tax Paid	-	(9.59)
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	(4,636.95)	3,384.86
Net increase in Cash and Cash equivalents	(10.94)	(105.27)
Cash and Cash equivalents (Opening balance)	15.46	120.73
Less: Opening Cash & Cash equivalents removed	-	-
Cash and Cash equivalents (Closing balance)	4.52	15.46

NOTES:

- a. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 on "Cash Flow Statements", and presents cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities.
- b. Figures in brackets are outflows/deductions.
- c. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/restated wherever necessary to conform to the current year's classification.

For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration Number 104607W/W100166

ERMIN K. IRANI
PARTNER
Membership Number: 35646
Mumbai, May 12, 2017.

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-
S. VARADARAJ
Director
DIN : 00323436

P. J. BHAT
Director
DIN : 06762076

TEJASHREE GUPTA
Company Secretary
ICSI Memb No FCS 7167

Notes to Financial Statement

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policy

1. General information

Godvet Agrochem Ltd. ("the Company") is a public limited company, which is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered office situated at Godrej One, 3rd Floor, Pirojshanagar, Eastern Express Highway, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079.

2. Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS:

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, as applicable.

The financial statements upto year ended 31st March 2016 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP) and other relevant provisions of the Act as applicable.

These financial statements are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements and are covered by Ind AS 101, First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards. The transition to Ind AS has been carried out from the accounting principles generally accepted in India ("Indian GAAP") which is considered as the "Previous GAAP" for purposes of Ind AS 101. An explanation of how the transition to Ind AS has affected the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flow is provided in Note 27.

The financial statements of the Company for year ended 31st March 2017 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 12th May 2017.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value.

(iii) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakh, unless otherwise indicated.

3. Key estimates and assumptions

While preparing financial statements in conformity with Ind AS, the management has made certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

- **Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets**

Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

- **Recognition of deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilized business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilized.

- **Recognition and measurement of other provisions**

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

- **Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities**

All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities/assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

- **Fair value of financial instruments**

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives include foreign currency forward contracts, commodity futures and interest rate swaps. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts is determined using the fair value reports provided by respective bankers. Fair value of interest rate swaps is determined with respect to current market rate of interest.

4. Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for, both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- *Level 1:* quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- *Level 2:* inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- *Level 3:* inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

5. Significant accounting policies

A. Revenue

i. Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership in the goods are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of contracts and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods.

ii. Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss.

B. Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in net profit in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i. Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit / (tax loss) for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

C. Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment as recognized as at April 01, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

iii. Depreciation/ Amortizations

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013, on Straight Line Method. Depreciation on additions / deductions is calculated on pro rata basis from/up to the month of additions/deductions. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase/acquisition.

D. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and currency options; and embedded derivatives in the host contract.

Financial instruments also covers contracts to buy or sell a non-financial item that can be settled net in cash or another financial instrument, or by exchanging financial instruments, as if the contracts were financial instruments, with the exception of contracts that were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the entity's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements.

Derivatives are currently recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

i. Financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in the Statement of Profit and Loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).
- A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortized cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

Business model test: The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realize its fair value changes).

Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Initial recognition & measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not recorded at fair value through the Statement of Profit or Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables - The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

ii. Financial liabilities

Classification

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

E. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

A provision for onerous contracts is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation of a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Commitments includes the amount of purchase order (net of advance) issued to parties for completion of assets.

Provisions, contingent assets, contingent liabilities and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

F. Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

G. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

Note 2: Deferred Tax Assets (net)

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Deferred Tax assets	60.05	44.38	25.66
Deferred Tax Assets (net)	60.05	44.38	25.66

Note 3: Other Non-Current Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
Unsecured and Considered Good (unless otherwise stated)			
(a) Capital Advances			
(i) Secured and considered good	5.00	-	-
Total	5.00	-	-

Note 4: Cash & Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Balance with Banks			
(i) Current Account	4.52	15.46	120.73
(b) Cash on Hand	-	-	-
	4.52	15.46	120.73

Note 5: Current Financial Assets - Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
Unsecured and Considered Good (unless otherwise stated)			
(a) Loans and Advances to Related Parties		0.10	
(b) Loans and Advances - Others			
(i) Inter Corporate Deposits		4,904.63	1,329.63
Total	-	4,904.73	1,329.63

Note 6: Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Interest Accrued on Inter-Corporate Deposits	-	173.09	56.67
(b) Non-Trade Receivables	7.43	-	-
Total	7.43	173.09	56.67

Note 7: Other Current Assets

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
Unsecured and Considered Good (unless otherwise stated)			
(a) Advances to Suppliers / Service Providers			
(i) Considered good	-	0.03	0.03
Total	-	0.03	0.03

Note 8: Share Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Authorised Share Capital			
1,05,00,000 (as at March 31,2016 1,05,00,000 and as at April 01,2015 70,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,050.00	1,050.00	700.00
(ii) Nil (as at March 31,2016 Nil and as at April 1,2015 3,50,000) Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each	-	-	350.00
Total	1,050.00	1,050.00	1,050.00
(b) Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital			
99,50,000 (as at March 31,2016 99,50,000 and as at April 01,2015 60,50,000)			
(i) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	995.00	995.00	605.00
Total	995.00	995.00	605.00
(c) Reconciliation of number of Shares Outstanding			
<u>Equity Shares</u>			
At the beginning of the year: 99,50,000 (Previous year 60,50,000) shares of Rs.10/- each	995.00	605.00	605.00
Issued during the year:	-	-	-
Add: Right Shares (Previous Year 3,900,000 Issued in the ratio of 0.64463:1) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	-	390.00	-
At the end of the year: 99,50,000 shares of Rs.10/- each	995.00	995.00	605.00
Total	995.00	995.00	605.00

Note 9: Other Equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	80.92	40.78	37.58
Total	80.92	40.78	37.58

Note 10: Non Current Financial Liability - Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Preference Shares			
(i) Nil (as at March 31,2016 Nil and as at April 01,2015 3,50,000) 10% Redeemable, Non-covertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	-	-	350.00
Total	-	-	350.00

Note 11: Current Financial Liability - Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Unsecured			
(i) Inter Company Deposit Taken	988.50	5,323.25	1,745.25
Total	988.50	5,323.25	1,745.25

Note 12: Other Financial Liabilities**(INR Lakh)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Interest accrued but not due	6.72	254.91	96.29
(b) Non Trade Payables	30.00	-	-
(c) Other Financial Liabilities			
(i) Other Liabilities	0.34	0.68	0.34
Total	37.06	255.59	96.63

Note 13: Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
(a) Statutory Liabilities	0.80	4.54	5.30
(b) Other Current Liabilities	-	-	5.76
Total	0.80	4.54	11.06

Note 14: Other Income

(INR Lakh)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
(a) Interest received on Deposits	199.82	135.81
(b) Rent Income	141.18	102.00
Total	341.00	237.81

Note 15: Finance Costs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
(a) Interest Expense (i) Others	302.20	176.47
Total	302.20	176.47

Note 16: Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
(a) Rates and Taxes	0.02	0.43
(b) Auditor's Remuneration	0.60	0.63
(c) Miscellaneous Expenses	2.08	0.30
Total	2.71	1.36

Godvet Agrochem Limited**Note 17 - Earnings Per Share****Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic & Diluted**

Particulars	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
(a) Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic & Diluted		
(i) Number of shares at the beginning of the year	9,950,000	6,050,000
(ii) Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	9,950,000	9,950,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	9,950,000	6,071,370
(b) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (Basic/Diluted)		
Profit (loss) for the year, attributable to the owners of the Company	40.14	59.87
Profit (loss) for the year, attributable to ordinary shareholders	40.14	59.87
(c) Basic Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.40	0.99
(d) Nominal Value of Shares (Rs.)	10	10

Godvet Agrochem Limited

Note 18: Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Note 18.1 Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Carrying amount				Fair value				
		Note	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
March 31, 2017										
INR										
Financial assets										
I Current Financial Assets										
1	Cash and cash equivalents				4.52	4.52				
2	Other current financial assets				7.43	7.43				
					11.96	11.96				
II Financial liabilities										
Current Financial liabilities										
1	Short term borrowings				988.50	988.50				
2	Other financial liabilities				37.06	37.06				
					1,025.56	1,025.56				
March 31, 2016										
INR										
Financial assets										
I Current Financial Assets										
1	Cash and cash equivalents				15.46	15.46				
2	Short-term loans and advances				4,904.73	4,904.73				
3	Other current financial assets				173.09	173.09				
					5,093.28	5,093.28				
II Financial liabilities										
Current Financial liabilities										
1	Short term borrowings				5,323.25	5,323.25				
2	Other financial liabilities				255.59	255.60				
					5,578.84	5,578.85				

April 01, 2015 INR	Note	Carrying amount				Fair value			
		FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
I Financial assets									
Current Financial Assets									
1				120.73	120.73				
2				1,329.63	1,329.63				
3				56.67	56.67				
				1,507.03	1,507.03				
II Financial liabilities									
Current Financial liabilities									
1				1,745.25	1,745.25				
2				96.63	96.63				
				1,841.88	1,841.88				
Financial risk management									
The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:									
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Liquidity risk ; and ▪ Market risk 									
i. Risk management framework									
The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Management is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.									
The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.									
The management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.									

Godvet Agrochem Limited

Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)

Note 18.2: Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

Contractual cash flows							
March 31, 2017	Carrying amount	Total	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
INR lacs							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Inter Corporate Deposit	988.50	988.50	988.50	-	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	37.06	37.06	37.06	-	-	-	-
Non Trade Payables	30.00	30.00	30.00	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	6.72	6.72	6.72	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	0.34	0.34	0.34	-	-	-	-
Total	1,025.56	1,025.56	1,025.56	-	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows							
March 31, 2016	Carrying amount	Total	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
INR lacs							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Inter Corporate Deposit	5,323.25	5,323.25	5,323.25	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	255.60	255.60	255.60	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	254.91	254.91	254.91	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	0.68	0.68	0.68	-	-	-	-
Total	5,578.85	5,578.85	5,578.85	-	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows							
April 01, 2015	Carrying amount	Total	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
INR lacs							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Borrowings (Preference Shares)	350.00	350.00	-	-	-	-	350.00
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Inter Corporate Deposit	1,745.25	1,745.25	1,745.25	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	96.63	96.63	96.63	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	96.29	96.29	96.29	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	0.34	0.34	0.34	-	-	-	-
Total	2,191.88	2,191.88	1,841.88	-	-	-	350.00

Godvet Agrochem Limited

Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)

Note 18.3: Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates, if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

Particulars	(INR Lakh)		
	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 01, 2015
Fixed-rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Short term loans and advances and Other current financial assets			
Intercorporate Deposits	-	4,904.63	1,329.63
Total	-	4,904.63	1,329.63
Financial liabilities			
Long Term Borrowings			
3,50,000 10% Redeemable, Non-convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	-	-	350.00
Short term borrowings			
Intercorporate Deposits	988.50	5,323.25	1,745.25
Total	988.50	5,323.25	2,095.25

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any borrowings at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Godvet Agrochem Limited**Note 19: Tax expense****(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017 INR Lakh	For the year ended March 31, 2016 INR Lakh
Current income tax	11.62	18.83
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(15.67)	(18.72)
Deferred tax expense	(15.67)	(18.72)
Tax expense for the year	(4.05)	0.11

(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017 INR Lakh	For the year ended March 31, 2016 INR Lakh
Profit before tax (as per IGAAP profit)	36.09	59.98
Company's domestic tax rate	30.90%	30.90%
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	11.15	18.53
Tax effect of:		
Expense not allowed for tax purposes	0.47	0.30
Deferred tax at a lower rate	(15.67)	(18.72)
	(4.05)	0.11
Current tax (per IGAAP)	11.62	18.83
Deffered tax (per IGAAP)	(15.67)	(18.72)
Difference	0.00	0.00

Godvet Agrochem Limited

Note 20: Movement in deferred tax balances

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2017

	March 31, 2017				
	Net balance April 1, 2016	Recognised in profit or loss	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax asset
	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Investment in Property	44.38	15.67	60.05	-	60.05
Tax assets (Liabilities)	44.38	15.67	60.05	-	60.05

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2016

	March 31, 2016				
	Net balance April 1, 2015	Recognised in profit or loss	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax asset
	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh	INR lakh
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Investment in Property	25.66	18.72	44.38	-	44.38
Tax assets (Liabilities)	25.66	18.72	44.38	-	44.38

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority. Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

Godvet Agrochem Limited**Note 21: Capital Management**

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The board of directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in the economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants, if any.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total borrowings, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2017 was as follows.

INR lacs	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Total Borrowings	988.50	5,323.25
Less : Cash and cash equivalent	4.52	15.46
Adjusted net debt	983.98	5,307.79
Adjusted equity	1,075.92	1,035.78
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	0.91	5.12

Godvet Agrochem Limited**(INR Lakh)****Note 22: Commitments****As at March 31,
2017****As at March 31,
2016**

Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of Advances), to the extent not provided for.

266.96

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Note 23: Balance confirmation

Current Assets, Loans and Advances, Deposits and Sundry Creditors are subject to confirmation / reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any.

Note 24: Comparative Accounts for the Previous Year

Figures of the previous year have been regrouped & re-classified wherever necessary to conform to the current year's classification.

Note 25: Specified Bank Notes

The company did not have any cash holdings or dealings in specified bank notes during the period 8th November 2016 to 30th December 2016.

Note No. 26: Related Party Disclosures

Related party disclosures as required by IND AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below

HOLDING COMPANIES:

Godrej Agrovet Limited (GAVL), Holding Company holds 100% Equity Stake in Godvet Agrochem Limited as on March 31, 2017. GAVL is the subsidiary of Godrej Industries Limited (GIL).

GIL was a subsidiary of Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited (G&B) till March 29, 2017. Consequently, G&B was also the Ultimate Holding Company of Godvet Agrochem Limited till March 29, 2017 and ceased to be so w.e.f. March 30, 2017.

GIL became a subsidiary of Vora Soaps Limited (VSL) w.e.f. March 30, 2017. Consequently, VSL is the Ultimate Holding Company of Godvet Agrochem Limited w.e.f. March 30, 2017.

SUBSIDIARIES:

N.A.

FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES:

1. Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited (upto March 18, 2017)
2. Astec LifeSciences Limited
3. Behram Chemicals Private Limited (a subsidiary of Astec LifeSciences Limited)
4. Astec Europe Sprl (a subsidiary of Astec LifeSciences Limited)
5. Comercializadora Agricola Agroastrachem Cia Ltda (a subsidiary of Astec LifeSciences Limited)
6. Creamline Dairy Products Limited
7. Nagavalli Milkline Private Limited

A. Subsidiaries of Godrej & Boyce Mfg. Co. Ltd. (Fellow subsidiaries upto March 29, 2017):

1. Godrej Infotech Ltd.
2. Godrej (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Singapore
3. Veromatic International BV, Netherlands
4. Busbar Systems (India) Ltd.
5. Mercury Mfg. Co. Ltd.
6. Godrej Americas Inc., USA
7. India Circus Retail Pvt. Ltd.

B. Subsidiaries of Godrej Industries Limited (GIL) :

1. Godrej Properties Limited (GPL)
2. Ensemble Holdings & Finance Limited
3. Godrej International Ltd., Isle of Man
4. Natures Basket Limited
5. Godrej International Trading & Investments Pte. Ltd., Singapore
6. Godrej International Ltd., Labuan Malaysia

C. Subsidiaries of Godrej Properties Limited (GPL):

1. City Infraprojects Limited
2. Godrej Realty Pvt. Ltd.
3. Godrej Real Estate Pvt. Ltd.
4. Godrej Buildcon Pvt. Ltd.
5. Godrej Projects Development Pvt. Ltd. (GPDPL)
6. Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Pvt. Ltd. (a subsidiary of GPDPL)
7. Godrej Garden City Properties Pvt. Ltd.
8. Godrej Landmark Redevelopers Pvt. Ltd.
9. Godrej Green Homes Ltd.
10. Godrej Home Developers Pvt. Ltd.
11. Godrej Hillside Properties Pvt. Ltd.
12. Godrej Prakriti Facilities Private Limited (a subsidiary of Happy Highrises Ltd.)
13. Godrej Investment Advisers Private Limited
14. Godrej Highrises Properties Private Limited
15. Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Private Limited (a subsidiary of Happy Highrises Ltd.)
16. Godrej Residency Private Limited
17. Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited
18. Godrej Vikhroli Properties India Limited (Godrej Vikhroli Properties LLP converted into a Public Limited Company)
19. Prakritiplaza Facilities Management Private Limited
20. Godrej Property Developers LLP
21. Mosaic Landmarks LLP
22. Dream World Landmarks LLP
23. Oxford Realty LLP
24. Godrej SSPDL Green Acres LLP
25. Oasis Landmarks LLP
26. M S Ramaiah Ventures LLP
27. Caroa Properties LLP
28. Godrej Construction Projects LLP
29. Godrej Housing Projects LLP
30. Godrej Land Developers LLP
31. Godrej Developers & Properties LLP
32. Godrej Highrises Realty LLP
33. Godrej Project Developers & Properties LLP
34. Godrej Highview LLP
35. Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP
36. Godrej Skyview LLP
37. Bavdhan Realty @ Pune 21 LLP

38. Godrej Green Properties LLP
39. Godrej Projects (Pune) LLP
40. Godrej Projects (Bluejay) LLP
41. Godrej Projects (Soma) LLP
42. Godrej Century LLP
43. A R Landcraft LLP
D. Subsidiaries of Godrej Infotech Ltd. (Fellow subsidiaries upto March 29, 2017):
1. Godrej Infotech Americas Inc., North Carolina, USA
2. Godrej Infotech (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Singapore
3. LVD Godrej Infotech NV, Belgium
E. Subsidiaries of Godrej (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (Fellow subsidiaries upto March 29, 2017):
1. JT Dragon Pte. Ltd., Singapore
2. Godrej (Vietnam) Co. Ltd., Vietnam (a wholly owned subsidiary of JT Dragon Pte. Ltd.)
F. Other Fellow Subsidiaries (where Godrej & Boyce Mfg. Co. Ltd. owns directly and/or indirectly through one or more subsidiaries, more than one-half of the equity share capital) (Fellow subsidiaries upto March 29, 2017):
1. Godrej Consumer Products Ltd. (GCPL)
2. Godrej One Premises Management Private Limited
G. Subsidiaries and Sub-subsidiaries of Godrej Consumer Products Limited (GCPL) (Fellow subsidiaries upto March 29, 2017):
1. Godrej South Africa (Proprietary) Ltd., South Africa (formerly, Rapidol (Pty) Ltd.)
2. Godrej Netherlands BV, Netherlands
3. Godrej UK Ltd. (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands BV)
4. Godrej Consumer Products Holding (Mauritius) Ltd., Mauritius
5. Godrej Global Mid East FZE (incorporated in Sharjah, U.A.E.) (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Holding (Mauritius) Ltd.)
6. Godrej Consumer Products Mauritius Ltd., Mauritius
7. Godrej Household Products Lanka (Private) Ltd., Sri Lanka
8. Godrej Household Products Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd., Bangladesh
9. Godrej Consumer Products Bangladesh Ltd., Bangladesh
10. Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd., Mauritius
11. Godrej West Africa Holdings Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
12. Godrej Consumer Products (UK) Ltd. (a subsidiary of Godrej UK Ltd.)
13. Godrej Consumer Investments (Chile) Spa, Chile (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands BV)

14. Godrej Mideast Holdings Limited, Dubai (a subsidiary of Godrej Indonesia IP Holdings Limited)
15. Godrej Holdings (Chile) Limitada, Chile (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Investments (Chile) Spa)
16. Cosmetica Nacional, Chile (a subsidiary of Godrej Holdings (Chile) Limitada)
17. Plasticos Nacional, Chile (a subsidiary of Cosmetica Nacional)
18. Kinky Group (Proprietary) Ltd. (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
19. Godrej Nigeria Ltd., Nigeria (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Mauritius Ltd.)
20. Indovest Capital Ltd., Malaysia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Holding (Mauritius) Ltd.)
21. Godrej Consumer Products Dutch Cooperatief UA, Netherlands (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Holding (Mauritius) Ltd.)
22. Godrej Consumer Products (Netherlands) BV, Netherlands (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Dutch Cooperatief UA)
23. Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV, Netherlands (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Dutch Cooperatief UA)
24. PT Megasari Makmur, Indonesia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV)
25. PT Intrasari Raya, Indonesia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV)
26. PT Ekamas Sarijaya, Indonesia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV)
27. PT Indomas Susemi Jaya, Indonesia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV)
28. PT Sarico Indah, Indonesia (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Holdings (Netherlands) BV)
29. Panamar Produccioness Srl, Argentina (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands Argentina BV)
30. Argencos S.A., Argentina (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands Argentina BV)
31. Laboratoria Cuenca S.A., Argentina (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands Argentina BV)
32. Deciral Ltd., Uruguay (a subsidiary of Laboratoria Cuenca S.A.)
33. Issue Group Brazil Ltda., Brazil (a subsidiary of Godrej Netherlands Argentina BV)
34. Consell S.A., Argentina (a subsidiary of Laboratoria Cuenca S.A.)
35. Subinite Pty. Ltd., South Africa (a subsidiary of Godrej West Africa Holdings Ltd.)
36. Lorna Nigeria Ltd., Nigeria (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
37. Weave IP Holding Mauritius Pvt. Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej West Africa Holdings Ltd.)
38. Weave Trading Mauritius Pvt. Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
39. Hair Trading (Offshore) S. A. L., Lebanon (a subsidiary of Weave Trading Mauritius Pvt Ltd.)
40. Weave Mozambique Limitada, Mozambique (a subsidiary of Godrej West Africa Holdings Ltd.)
41. Godrej East Africa Holdings Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Ltd.)
42. Style Industries Ltd., Kenya (a subsidiary of DGH Phase Two Mauritius Pvt. Ltd.)
43. DGH Phase Two Mauritius, Mauritius (a subsidiary Godrej East Africa Holdings Ltd.)
44. Godrej Tanzania Holdings Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Ltd.)
45. DGH Tanzania Ltd., Tanzania (a subsidiary of Godrej Tanzania Holdings Ltd.)
46. Sigma Hair Ind. Ltd., Tanzania (a subsidiary of DGH Tanzania Ltd.)
47. Weave Ghana Ltd., Ghana (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
48. Godrej Consumer Products US Holding Limited, Mauritius
49. Darling Trading Company Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
50. Godrej Africa Holdings Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
51. Godrej Indonesia IP Holdings Ltd., Mauritius (a subsidiary of Godrej Consumer Products Holding (Mauritius) Ltd.)

52. Frika Weave (Pty) Ltd., South Africa (a subsidiary of Godrej Mauritius Africa Holdings Ltd.)
53. Belaza Mozambique LDA
54. Charm Industries Ltd.
55. Canon Chemicals Ltd.
56. Godrej Hair Weave Nigeria Ltd.
57. Godrej International Trading Company, Sharjah
58. DGH Angola (name changed from 'Godrej Megasari Holdings')
59. Godrej Hair Care Nigeria Limited
60. Godrej Household Insecticide Nigeria Ltd.
61. Hair Credentials Zambia Limited
62. Godrej SON Holdings Inc., USA
63. Old Pro International Inc
64. Strength of Nature LLC, USA
65. Strength of Nature South Africa Proprietary Limited
66. Style Industries Uganda Limited
67. Weave Senegal Ltd.
68. DGH Uganda
69. Godrej Consumer Products FZCO
JOINT VENTURES OF GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED:
N.A.
OTHER RELATED PARTIES:
N.A.
INDIVIDUALS OWNING, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AN INTEREST IN THE VOTING POWER OF GODVET AGROCHEM LIMITED THAT GIVES THEM CONTROL OR SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE OVER THE ENTERPRISE, AND RELATIVES OF ANY SUCH INDIVIDUAL
N.A.
KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND RELATIVES OF SUCH PERSONNEL
N.A.
ENTERPRISES OVER WHICH ANY OF THE FOLLOWING PERSONS IS ABLE TO EXERCISE SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE:
(i) INDIVIDUALS OWNING, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AN INTEREST IN THE VOTING POWER OF THE REPORTING ENTERPRISE THAT GIVES THEM CONTROL OR SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE OVER THE ENTERPRISE, AND RELATIVES OF ANY SUCH INDIVIDUAL
(ii) KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND RELATIVES OF SUCH PERSONNEL
N.A.

Godvet Agrochem Limited**Note 26: Related Party Disclosures**

Related party disclosures as required by Ind AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below

The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business :

Sr. No.	Nature of Transactions	Holding Companies (i)	Other related Parties (ii)
1	Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	1,119.08	5,000.00
2	Inter Corporate Deposit Repaid	5,453.83	5,000.00
3	Interest Income on Inter Corporate Deposit	-	199.82
4	Expenses Charged to Other Companies	141.18	-
5	Expenses Charged by Other Companies	79.91	-
6	Interest Expense on Inter Corporate deposit	93.86	208.34
7	Inter Corporate Deposit Outstanding	988.50	-
8	Outstanding Receivables	7.43	-
9	Outstanding Payables	7.46	-

Related Party Disclosures (Contd.)

Related party disclosures as required by Ind AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below
Significant Related Party Transactions :

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Current year	Previous Year
1	<u>Issue of Share Capital</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	-	390.00
2	<u>Redemption of Preference Share</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	-	350.00
3	<u>Inter Corporate Deposit Taken</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited Nature Basket Limited	1,119.08 5,000.00	3,595.00 -
4	<u>Inter Corporate Deposit Returned</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited Nature Basket Limited	5,453.83 5,000.00	17.00 -
5	<u>Interest Income on Inter Corporate Deposit</u> Vora Soaps Limited Anamudi Real Estates LLP	83.73 116.09	- 22.26

6	<u>Expenses Charged to Other Companies</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	141.18	102.00
7	<u>Expenses Charged by Other Companies</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	79.91	78.16
8	<u>Interest Expense on Inter Corporate deposit</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited Nature Basket Limited	93.86 208.34	176.25 -
9	<u>Dividend Paid</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	-	47.08
10	<u>Inter Corporate Deposit Outstanding</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	988.50	5,323.25
11	<u>Inter Corporate Deposit Receivables</u> Anamudi Real Estates LLP	-	3,785.00
12	<u>Outstanding Receivables</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited Anamudi Real Estates LLP	7.43 -	- 26.20
13	<u>Outstanding Payables</u> Godrej Agrovet Limited	7.46	254.81

Note 27 - - First Time Adoption

A. Reconciliation between previous GAAP and Ind AS

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity and total comprehensive income for prior periods. The following table represents the equity reconciliation from previous GAAP to Ind AS:

Reconciliation of equity as at April 01, 2015		(Rs.in Lakh)		
	Amount as per previous GAAP	Measurement - Ind AS	Ind AS	
ASSETS				
(1) Non-current assets				
(a) Capital work-in-progress	7.38	-	7.38	
(b) Investment Property	1,308.03	-	1,308.03	
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	-	25.66	25.66	
(d) Other non - current assets	-	-	-	
Total non current assets	1,315.41	25.66	1,341.07	
(2) Current Assets				
(a) Financial Assets				
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	120.73	-	120.73	
(ii) Loans	1,329.63	-	1,329.63	
(iii) Others	56.67	-	56.67	
(b) Current Tax Assets	0.03	-	0.03	
(c) Other current assets	-	-	-	
Total current assets	1,507.06	-	1,507.06	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,822.47	25.66	2,848.13	
		Amount as per previous GAAP	Measurement - Ind AS	Ind AS
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
(1) Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	955.00	(350.00)	605.00	
(b) Other equity	11.92	25.66	37.58	
Total equity	966.92	(324.34)	642.58	
(2) Liabilities				
(1) Non Current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	-	350.00	350.00	
Total non current liabilities	-	350.00	350.00	
(2) Current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	1,745.25	-	1,745.25	
(ii) Other financial liabilities	96.63	-	96.63	
(b) Other current liabilities	11.06	-	11.06	
(c) Current tax Liabilities (Net)	2.61	-	2.61	
Total current liabilities	1,855.55	-	1,855.55	
Total liabilities	1,855.55	350.00	2,205.55	
Total Equity and Liabilities	2,822.47	25.66	2,848.13	

Reconciliation of equity as at March 31, 2016

	Amount as per previous GAAP	Measurement - Ind AS	Ind AS
ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Capital work-in-progress	1,476.56	-	1,476.56
(b) Investment Property		44.38	44.38
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)			
(d) Other non-current assets			
Total non current assets	1,476.56	44.38	1,520.94
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets	15.46	-	15.46
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	4,904.73		4,904.73
(ii) Loans	173.09		173.09
(iii) Others	4.91		4.91
(b) Current Tax Assets	0.03		0.03
(c) Other current assets			
Total current assets	5,098.22	-	5,098.22
TOTAL ASSETS	6,574.78	44.38	6,619.16
	Amount as per previous GAAP	Measurement - Ind AS	Ind AS
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	995.00	-	995.00
(b) Other equity	(3.60)	44.38	40.78
Total equity	991.40	44.38	1,035.78
(2) Liabilities			
(1) Non Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings			
Total non current liabilities	-	-	-
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities	5,323.25		5,323.25
(i) Borrowings	255.59		255.59
(ii) Other financial liabilities	4.54		4.54
(b) Other current liabilities			
(c) Current tax Liabilities (Net)			
Total current liabilities	5,583.38	-	5,583.38
Total liabilities	5,583.38	-	5,583.38
Total Equity and Liabilities	6,574.78	44.38	6,619.16

Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2016

	Amount as per previous GAAP	Effects of transition to Ind AS	Amount as per Ind As
I. Revenue from Operations (Gross)	237.81	-	237.81
II. Other income	-	-	-
III. Total Income	237.81	-	237.81
IV. Expenses	176.47	-	176.47
Finance costs	1.36	-	1.36
Other Expenses	-	-	-
Total Expenses (IV)	177.83	-	177.83
V. Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax	59.98	-	59.98
VI. Exceptional Items	-	-	-
VII. Profit Before Tax (V + VI)	59.98	-	59.98
VIII. Tax expense:	18.83	(18.72)	0.11
1. Current Tax	18.83	-	18.83
2. Deferred Tax	-	(18.72)	(18.72)
Less: MAT credit entitlement	-	-	-
IX. Profit/(Loss) for the year	41.15	18.72	59.87
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account			
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability	-	-	-
Tax on Remeasurements of defined benefit liability	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	41.15	18.72	59.87
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company	41.15	18.72	59.87
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-

B. Reconciliation of Consolidated statement of Equity as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

Particulars	March 31, 2016	April 1, 2015
Total Equity as per Indian GAAP	991.40	966.92
Deferred tax	44.38	25.66
Total Equity as per IND AS	1,035.78	992.58

C. Reconciliation of Statement of Profit and Loss as previously reported under IGAAP and IND AS

Particulars	March 31, 2016
Profit as per IGAAP	41.15
Tax on Ind AS adjustments	18.72
Total	59.87

(Rs. in lakh)

D. Impact of Ind AS adoption on Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2016

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2016		Ind AS
	Previous GAAP	Adjustments	
Net Cash flow from Operating Activities	8.31	-	8.31
Net Cash flow from Investing Activities	(3,498.44)	-	(3,498.44)
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	3,384.86	-	3,384.86
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalent	(105.27)	-	(105.27)
Cash and Cash Equivalent as at April 1, 2015	120.73	-	120.73
Cash and Cash Equivalent as at March 31, 2016	15.46	-	15.46

1. Deferred Tax Asset/Liability:

Indian GAAP requires deferred tax accounting using the income statement approach, which focuses on differences between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind-AS 12 requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of the balance sheet approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which was not required under Indian GAAP.

2. Under Ind AS, redeemable preference share are classified as financial liabilities with the dividend payout (if any) being reflected as finance cost.

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

S. VARADARAJ

Director

DIN : 00323436

P. J. BHAT

Director

DIN : 06762076

TEJASHREE GUPTA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb No FCS 7167