Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited Financial Statements together with the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2022

Financial statements together with the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2022

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# BSR&Co.LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East) Mumbai - 400 063 Telephone: +91 22 6257 1000 Fax: +91 22 6257 1010

# Independent Auditors' Report

# To the Members of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, its loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

#### Other Information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Registered Office:

8. Co. 14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing

# Independent Auditors' Report (Continued) Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

# Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the financial statements made by the Management and Board of

# Independent Auditors' Report (Continued) Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

R & Co.

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Change in Equity and Statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

# Independent Auditors' Report (Continued) Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - d) (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 31 to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (ii) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 31 to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
  - e) The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.



# Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

# Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- (C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:
  - i. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid / provided for managerial remuneration
  - ii. The ministry of Corporate affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni Partner

Membership No. 117694 UDIN .: 22117694AIIZKL5877

Place: Mumbai Date: 3 May 2022

# Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2022

(Referred to in our report of even date)

14th Floor, entral B Wing and North C Wing,

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(a) (B) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified every year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The Company does not have any immovable property. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
  - (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company is a service company, primarily rendering facility management services to the respective owners. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security and therefore the relevant provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

# Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2022 (Continued)

- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Income-Tax and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Income-Tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax and Income-Tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiary, associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2022. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.

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# Godrei Garden City Properties Private Limited Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report - 31 March 2022 (Continued)

- The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in (f) subsidiary, associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2022. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public (x) offer (including debt instruments) Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the (xi) information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have a vigil mechanism and is not required to have a vigil mechanism as per the Act or SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi (xii) Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- The Company is a private limited company and accordingly the requirements as stipulated by (xiii) the provisions of Section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (a) In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company (xiv) does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act.
  - In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company (xv) has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.



# Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report – 31 March 2022 (Continued)

- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanation provided to us, there is no core investment company within the Group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs 45.28 lakhs in the current and Rs 27.81 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni Partner

Membership No: 117694 UDIN: 22117694AIIZKL5877

Place : Mumbai Date : 3 May 2022

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A) (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

# **Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



# Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued).

Auditors' Responsibility (Continued)

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.101248W/W-100022

Partner

Membership No.117694 UDIN: 22117694AIIZKL5877

Place: Mumbai Date: 3 May 2022

# **Balance Sheet**

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

| Particulars   | Note     | As at<br>March 31, 2022 | As at<br>March 31, 2021 |
|---|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS  |          |                         |                         |
| Non-Current Assets  |          |                         |                         |
| Property, Plant and Equipment   | 2        | 1.80                    | 2.69                    |
| Income Tax Assets (Net)   |          | 19.88                   | 12.08                   |
| Total Non-Current Assets  |          | 21.68                   | 14.77                   |
| Current Assets  |          |                         |                         |
| Financial Assets  | _        |                         | 40.40                   |
| Investments   | 3        | *                       | 43.40                   |
| Trade Receivables   | 4        | 665.57                  | 1,404.96                |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents   | 5        | 0.13                    | 0.29                    |
| Bank Balances other than above  | 6        | 55.64                   | 206.89                  |
| Other Current Financial Assets  | 7        | 0.43                    | 1.72                    |
| Other Current Non Financial Assets  | 8        | 400.49                  | 478.60                  |
| Total Current Assets  |          | 1,122.26                | 2,135.86                |
| TOTAL ASSETS  |          | 1,143.94                | 2,150.63                |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  |          |                         |                         |
| EQUITY  |          |                         | 41                      |
| Equity Share Capital  | 9        | 5.00                    | 5.00                    |
| Other Equity  | 10       | 733.18                  | 777.52                  |
| Total Equity  |          | 738.18                  | 782.52                  |
| LIABILITIES   |          | a                       |                         |
| Non - Current Liabilities   |          |                         |                         |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  | 11       |                         | 1,83                    |
| Total Non - Current Liabilities   |          |                         | 1.83                    |
| Current Liabilities   |          |                         |                         |
| Financial Liabilities   | 10       | 253.65                  | 1,122.74                |
| Borrowings  | 12       | 253.05                  | 1,122.74                |
| Trade Payables  | 13       |                         |                         |
| - total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note | 27)      | 10.20                   | 17.98                   |
| - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small en | erprises | 134.00                  | 215.10                  |
| Other Current Non Financial Liabilities   | 14       | 1.28                    | 3.85                    |
| Current Tax Liabilities (Net)   | 15       | 6.63                    | 6.61                    |
| Total Current Liabilities   |          | 405.76                  | 1,366.28                |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  |          | 1,143.94                | 2,150.63                |
| Significant Accounting Policies   | 1        |                         |                         |

The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

1248W/W-100022 Firm's Registration

VIREN SONI Partner

Membership No: 117694

Mumbai 03-05-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited CIN: U74900MH2011PTC213782

AMANDEEP SINGH

Director DIN: 07144214 CHIRAG AKRUWALA Director DIN: 07582355

# **Statement of Profit and Loss**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

| Particulars  | Note  | For the year ended March 31, 2022 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2021 |
|--|-------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| INCOME   |       |                                   |                                      |
| Revenue from Operations  | 16    | 239.93                            | 799.80                               |
| Other Income   | 17    | 5.34                              | 8.43                                 |
| Total Income   |       | 245.27                            | 808.22                               |
| EXPENSES   |       |                                   |                                      |
| Finance Costs  | 18    | 50.62                             | 36.22                                |
| Depreciation and Amortisation Expense  | 2     | 0.89                              | 1.83                                 |
| Other Expenses   | 19    | 239.93                            | 799.81                               |
| Total Expenses   |       | 291.44                            | 837.86                               |
| Loss Before Tax  |       | (46.17)                           | (29.64)                              |
| Tax Expense  |       |                                   |                                      |
| Current Tax  | 11(b) | (€)                               |                                      |
| Deferred Tax Charge  | 11(a) | (1.83)                            | (7.46)                               |
| Total Tax Expense  |       | (1.83)                            | (7.46)                               |
| Y C II Was   |       | (44.34)                           | (22.18)                              |
| Loss for the Year  |       | (++.5+)                           | (22.10)                              |
| Other Comprehensive Income  Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss |       |                                   |                                      |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year  |       | (44.34)                           | (22.18)                              |
| Total Comprehensive fricome for the Tear   |       | (1110.1)                          |                                      |
| Earnings Per Share (Amount in INR)   |       |                                   |                                      |
| Basic and Diluted  | 20    | (88.68)                           | (44.36)                              |
| Danie and Diluted  |       | (- 2000)                          |                                      |
| Significant Accounting Policies  | 1     |                                   |                                      |

The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

VIREN SO

Partner

Membership No: 117694

Mumbai 03-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

CIN: U74900MH2011PTC213782

AMANDEEP SINGH

Director DIN: 07144214 CHIRAG AKRUWALA

Director DIN: 07582355

# Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lacs)

| (Currency in INR Lacs)   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2022 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2021                   |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Particulars  |                                      |  |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities  | (46.17)                              | (29,64)  |
| Profit before tax  Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs Interest income Profit on sale of investments (net) Income from Investment measured at FVTPL                 | 0.89<br>50.62<br>(4.61)<br>(0.73)    | 1.83<br>36.22<br>(5.14)<br>(1.91)<br>(1.07)            |
| Operating Profit before working capital changes  Changes in Working Capital: (Decrease) in Non-financial Liabilities (Decrease)/Increase in Financial Liabilities (Increase) in Non-financial Assets | (2.55)<br>(88.88)<br>70.31<br>792.98 | (5.80)<br>(416.88)<br>819.29<br>(1,330.94)<br>(934.32) |
| Decrease in Financial Assets  Direct Taxes Paid (net)  Net Cash Flows (used in) operating activities   | 771.86                               | (17.62)<br>(951.64)                                    |
| Cash Flow from Investing Activities (Purchase) / Sale of mutual funds (net) Movement in other bank balances Investment in Fixed Deposit  | 97.66<br>5.89                        | 3.78<br>(206.66)<br>3.62                               |
| Interest Received Net Cash Flows generated from investing activities   | 147.69                               |  |
| Cash Flow from financing activities (Repayment of) / Proceeds from short-term borrowings (net)   | (914.65<br>(5.06<br>(919.71          | (2.72)   |
| Interest paid  Net Cash Flows from financing activities  | (0.16                                | (0.04)   |
| Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance  (Refer Note 5)  (Refer Note 5)   | - 0.13                               | 0.20   |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance (Refer Note 5)   |                                      |  |

#### Notes:

(a) The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) -7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes;

| (b) Changes in liabilities arising it         | Reconciliation of          |   | ing from fit | nancing activiti<br>Non Cash C | es<br>hanges       | As at March 31, 2022 |
|---|----------------------------|---|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Particular                                    | As at<br>April 01,<br>2021 | Changes<br>Consolidated<br>Statement of<br>Cash Flows |              | Changes from                   | Fair Value Changes |                      |
|   |                            | €.  |              | -                              |                    | 253.6                |
| Long-term borrowings<br>Short-term borrowings | 1,122.74                   | (919.71)  | 50.62        |                                |                    |                      |

As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountant 01248W/W-100022 Firm's Registration

VIREN SO Partner Membership No: 117694

Mumbai 03-05-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited CIN: U74900MH2011PTC211782

AMANDEET SINGH Director

DIN: 07144214

Director DIN: 07582355

# Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# a) Equity Share Capital

| Particulars   | As At<br>March 31, 2022 | As At<br>March 31, 2021 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the year<br>Changes in equity share capital during the ye | 5.00<br>ar              | 5.00                    |
| Balance at the end of the year  | 5.00                    | 5.00                    |

# b) Other Equity

| Particulars   | Retained Earnings |
|---|-------------------|
| Balance as at April 01, 2020                                | 799.69            |
| Total Comprehensive Income: i) Profit / (Loss) for the year | (22.18)           |
| Balance as at April 01, 2021                                | 777.52            |
| Total Comprehensive Income: i) Profit / (Loss) for the year | (44.34)           |
| Balance as at March 31, 2022                                | 733.18            |

# c) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till the balance sheet date, less any transfers to general reserve, debenture redemption reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

The accompanying notes I to 32 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration (14 W 248W/W-100022

VIREN SONI

Partner

Membership No: 117694

Mumbai 03-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

CIN: U74900MH2011PTC213782

Manual (

Director DIN: 07582355

CHIRAG AKRUWALA

Mumbai 03-05-2022

Director

AMANDEEP SINC

DIN: 07144214

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### Note 1

# I Company Overview

Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited (the Company) is engaged primarily in the business of maintenance of residential and commercial property of Godrej Garden City project of Godrej Properties Limited. The Company is a Subsidiary of Public Company incorporated on February 18, 2011 and domiciled in India having its registered office at Godrej One, 5th Floor, Pirojshahnagar, Eastern Express Highway, Vikhroli, Mumbai-400079.

# II Basis of preparation and measurement

# a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the relevant provisions and amendments, as applicable.

These Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022 were authorised for issue by the company's Board of Directors on 03<sup>rd</sup> May 2022.

# b) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is also the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest lakh, unless otherwise stated.

# c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except certain financial instruments measured at fair value.

# d) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the use of estimates, judgements and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Management believes that the estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# II Basis of preparation and measurement (Continued)

# d) Use of Estimates and Judgements (Continued)

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

• Evaluation of satisfaction of performance obligation at a point in time for the purpose of revenue recognition

Determination of revenues under the satisfaction of performance obligation at a point in time necessarily involves making estimates, some of which are of a technical nature, concerning, where relevant, the timing of satisfaction of performance obligation, and the expected revenues from the project or activity. Estimates of project income, as well as project costs, are reviewed periodically. The Company recognizes revenue when it company satisfies its performance obligation.

Useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment

Useful lives of tangible are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II of the Act, they are based on internal technical evaluation. Assumptions are also made, when the Company assesses, whether an asset may be capitalised and which components of the cost of the asset may be capitalised

The estimation of residual values of assets is based on management's judgement about the condition of such asset at the point of sale of asset.

#### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Changes in assumptions relating to these inputs could affect the fair value of financial instruments.

# Recognition of deferred tax asset

The deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward business losses is recognised based on reasonable certainty of the projected profitability, determined on the basis of approved business plans, to the extent that sufficient taxable income will be available to absorb the brought forward business losses.

## e) Standard issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# II. Basis of preparation and measurement (Continued)

e) Standard issued but not yet effective (Continued)

# Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specifiy that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

# Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

# Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

# Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

# Ind AS 106 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# II Basis of preparation and measurement (Continued)

#### f) Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

# g) Operating cycle

All assets and liabilities have been classified into current and non-current based on a period of twelve months.

# h) Going Concern

The Company has been incorporated for the maintenance of residential & commercial property of Godrej Garden City, project of Godrej Properties Limited situated at Jagatpur, B/h. Nirma University, Sarkhej Gandhinagar Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat. The Company has incurred a loss after tax of Rs.44.34 Lakhs during the current year. Based on the financial support extended by Godrej Properties Limited (Shareholder of the Company), the Management believes that the Company will continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future, realize its assets and meet all its liabilities as they fall due for payment, in the normal course of business. In case of any fund requirement to meet expenditures of the Company, the shareholders shall fund/arrange fund in form of Equity/Loan.

Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or to amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary if the company is unable to continue as a going concern.



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies

# a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

# i) Recognition and Measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates; and
- any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognized from the financial statements, either on disposal or when no economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

Assets under construction includes the cost of property, plant and equipment that are not ready to use at the balance sheet date. Advances paid to acquire property, plant and equipment before the balance sheet date are disclosed under other non-current assets. Assets under construction are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

# ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the expenditure can be measured reliably.

# iii) Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment of the Company has been provided using the written down value method based on the useful lives specified in Schedule  $\Pi$  of the Act.

Assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated at 100% in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial yearend and adjusted if appropriate.

# b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

4

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# b) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

#### c) Financial Instruments

#### I. Financial Assets

#### Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

# Initial recognition and measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they originate.

The Company recognizes financial assets (other than trade receivables and debt securities) - when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

# Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, the financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss
- Equity investments

# Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

\* Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400 063

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# c) Financial Instruments (Continued)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions or is not designated as at FVTPL:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets, and
- The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on the specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Debt instruments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Debt instruments included within the fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Equity investments

All equity investments other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associates are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognized when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

# Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies 'simplified approach' measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables.



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# c) Financial Instruments (Continued)

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

# II Financial Liabilities

# Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

# Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category generally applies to loans and borrowings.

# Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# III Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# IV Share Capital

#### Ordinary equity shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary equity shares, are recognised as a deduction from equity.

# d) Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments issued by the company comprises of convertible debentures denominated in INR that can be converted to equity shares at the option of the holder, wherein the number of shares to be issued is fixed and does not vary with changes fair value.

Reco. 14th Floor.
Central B Wing and North C Wing.
Nesco IT Park4.
Nesco Center,
Western Express Highway,
Goregaon (East),
Mumbai - 400 063

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# d) Compound financial instruments (Continued)

The liability component of a compound financial instrument is initially recognised at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have equity conversion option. The Equity component is initially recognised as the difference between fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

# e) Revenue Recognition

The Company is in the business of maintenance of Residential and Commercial units/property. The Company receives maintenance amount from the customers of Commercial units/property and utilizes the same towards the maintenance of Commercial units/property. Revenue is recognized to the extent of maintenance expenses incurred by the Company towards maintenance of Commercial units/ property. Balance amount of maintenance expenses to be incurred is reflected as liability under the head of other current liabilities.

Interest Income is accounted on an accrual basis at contracted rates.

#### f) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

# Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- · has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent there is convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences.



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# f) Income tax (Continued)

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) The Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Section 115BAA of Income-tax Act 1961

A new Section 115BAA was inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1961, by The Government of India on September 20, 2019 vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019 which provides an option to companies for paying income tax at reduced rates in accordance with the provisions/conditions defined in the said section.

# g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# h) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# i) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding Retirement benefits) are discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate exquired to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date.

14th Floor,
Central B Wing and
North C Wing,
Nesco IT Park4,
Nesco Center,
Western Express Highway,
Goregaon (East),
Mumbal - 400 063

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

for the year ended March 31, 2022

# III Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# i) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent liabilities are disclosed for

- (1) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- (2) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, the same are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

# j) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.



Month Counting Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# Property, Plant and Equipment

| Particulars                         |                               | GROSS BLOCK                 | LOCK  |                      | ACCUMULA                | ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION/ AMORTISATION        | TION/ AMORT | ISATION                    | NET BLOCK   |                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|
|                                     | As At<br>April 01, 2021 durir | Additions<br>uring the year | As At Additions Deductions As at As at As at , 2021 during the year during the year March 31, 2022 April 01, 2021 | As at<br>ch 31, 2022 | As at<br>April 01, 2021 | As at For the Year Deductions<br>101, 2021 Ma | Deductions  | As at<br>farch 31, 2022 Ma | As at As at As at As at As at March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 | As at<br>h 31, 2021 |
| Office Equipments                   | 0.87                          | 33                          | 9   | 0.87                 | 0.79                    | 0.02  | (17)        | 0.81                       | 90:0  | 0.08                |
| Furniture and Fixtures              | 95'6                          | - 80                        | ¥   | 9.56                 | 7.65                    | 0.49  |             | 8.15                       | 1.42  | 1.91                |
| Computers                           | 3.93                          | .8                          | ï   | 3.93                 | 3.23                    | 0,38  | ٠           | 3.60                       | 0.32  | 0.70                |
| Total Property, Plant and Equipment | 14.36                         | •                           | 7.87  | 14.36                | 11.67                   | 68'0  | (3)         | 12.55                      | 1.80  | 2.69                |
|                                     |                               |                             |   |                      |                         |   |             |                            |   |                     |

| Particulars                         |                            | GROSS BLOCK                 | LOCK   |                         | ACCUMULA                | ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION/ AMORTISATION    | TION/ AMOR | TISATION  | NET BLOCK                  | <b>₩</b>             |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
|                                     | As At<br>April 01, 2020 du | Additions<br>rring the year | As at Additions Deductions As at As at As at, 2020 during the year during the year March 31, 2021 April 01, 2020 | As at<br>farch 31, 2021 | As at<br>April 01, 2020 | As at For the Year Deductions it 01, 2020 | Deductions | As at As at As at As at As at March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020 | As at<br>1rch 31, 2021 Mar | As at<br>ch 31, 2020 |
| Office Equipments                   | 0.87                       | ž                           | 10   | 0,87                    | 92.0                    | 0.03                                      | i)         | 0.79  | 0.08                       | 0.11                 |
| Furniture and Fixtures              | 9.56                       | 8                           | N.   | 9.56                    | 96.9                    | 29.0                                      | ii.        | 7.65  | 1.91                       | 2.58                 |
| Computers                           | 3.93                       | ij                          | 136  | 3,93                    | 2.09                    | 1.14                                      | ă          | 3.23  | 0.70                       | 1.83                 |
| Total Property, Plant and Equipment | 14.36                      | •                           |  | 14.36                   | 9.83                    | 1.83                                      |            | 11.67   | 2.69                       | 4.52                 |

# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 3 Investments

| Particulars  |   | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--|---|----------------|----------------|
| Quoted Investment in Mutual Funds carried at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Refer Note (a) below)  |   | <b>3</b>       | 43,40          |
|  |   | •              | 43.40          |
| Market Value of Quoted Investments Aggregate book value of Quoted Investments and Market Value thereof | ¥ | •              | 43.40          |

(a) Investment in Mutual Funds INR NIL (Previous Year: INR 43.40 Lakhs) represents amount received from customers towards maintenance charges.

# 4 Trade Receivables

| March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|----------------|----------------|
| 665.57         | 1,404.97       |
| ,              | り煙を            |
| <u></u>        | 747            |
| 665.57         | 1,404.97       |
|                | 665.57         |

(a) As at March 31, 2022 Trade receivable includes receivable from Related Party INR 0.00 Lacs (Previous Year: Nil).

(b) Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022

|  |         | (                        | Outstanding             | for followi | ing periods | from due date of pa  | ayment |
|--|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|--------|
| Particulats  | Not due | Less<br>than 6<br>months | 6<br>months -<br>1 year | 1-2 years   | 2-3 years   | More than 3<br>years | Total  |
| (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good                                   | -       | 0.81                     | 7.99                    | 622.61      | 7.19        | 26.96                | 665.57 |
| (ii) UndisputedTrade Receivables –<br>which have significant increase in credit risk | *       | <b>S</b>                 |                         | 33          | Ĩ           | -                    | •      |
| (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -credit impaired                                  |         | (4)                      |                         | 19:         |             | *                    |        |
| (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good                                      | -       | 320                      |                         | 1.50        | - 5         | -                    | 3      |
| (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which<br>have significant increase in credit risk   | 5       | 9                        | ŝ                       | 120         | -           | ×                    |        |
| (vi) Disputed Trade  |         | 97                       |                         |             | 75          | 5                    | 3      |
| Total  |         | 0.81                     | 7.99                    | 622.61      | 7.19        | 26.96                | 665.57 |

(c) Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2021

|  |         | 0                        | utstanding              | for follow | ng periods | from due date of pa  | ayment  |
|--|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|---------|
| Particulats  | Not due | Less<br>than 6<br>months | 6<br>months -<br>1 year | 1-2 years  | 2-3 years  | More than 3<br>years | Total   |
| (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good   | *       | 332.66                   | 1008.58                 | 18.35      | 6.18       | 39.19                | 1404.96 |
| (ii) UndisputedTrade Receivables –   | *       | .50                      | =                       | 375        | 5          | 3                    |         |
| which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -credit impaired | -       | 3#/\                     | -                       | -          | -          | -                    |         |
| (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good  | -       | 1.5                      |                         | •          | -          | 2                    |         |
| (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk                    | =       |                          | -                       | *          | -          | *                    | -       |
| No. Bispured Torade  |         | 390                      |                         | 3.5        |            | -                    |         |
| Total forth C Wing   | -       | 332.66                   | 1008.58                 | 18.35      | 6.18       | 39.19                | 1404.96 |

Vesco IT Park4,
Nesco Center,
m Express Highway,
oregaon (East),
umbai - 400 063

# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

| Particulars  | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash on Hand | 0.13           | 0.29           |
|              | 0.13           | 0.29           |
|              |                |                |

# 6 Bank Balances other than above

| Particulars  | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Balances With Banks  | . "            |                |
| In Current Accounts (Refer Note (a) below)                                       | 1.14           | 0.23           |
| In Fixed Deposit Accounts with maturity less than 3 months(refer Note (a) below) | 54.50          | 206.66         |
|  | 55.64          | 206.89         |

(a) Balance with Banks in Current Accounts INR 1.14 Lakhs (Previous Year: INR 0.23 Lakhs) and Fixed Deposits INR 54.50 Lakhs (Previous Year: INR 206.66) is amount received from customers towards maintenance charges and is to be utilised for maintenance activity only.

# 7 Other Current Financial Assets

| Particulars                           | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Unsecured, Considered Good            |                |                |
| To parties other than related parties |                |                |
| Deposits                              | 0.20           | 0.20           |
| Interest Accrued                      | 0.23           | 1.52           |
|                                       | 0.43           | 1.72           |
|                                       |                |                |

# 8 Other Current Non Financial Assets

| Particulars                           | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Unsecured, Considered Good            |                |                |
| To parties other than related parties |                |                |
| Balances with Government Authorities  | 364.24         | 433.21         |
| Pre Paid Insurance                    | 36.25          | 45.39          |
|                                       | 400.49         | 478.60         |
|                                       |                |                |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

5.00

5.00

# 9 Equity Share Capital

a) Authorised: 50,000 Equity Shares of INR 10/- each (Previous Year: 50,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each)

**5.00** 5.00

5.00

5.00

b) Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up:

 $50,\!000$  Equity Shares of INR  $10/\!\!-$  each (Previous Year :  $50,\!000$  Equity Share of INR  $10/\!\!-$  each)

5.00 5.00

# c) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

| 90                                       | March .       | 31, 2022       | March 31, 2021 |                |
|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Equity Shares :                          | No. of Shares | INR (In Lakhs) | No. of Shares  | INR (In Lakhs) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 50,000        | 5.00           | 50,000         | 5.00           |
| Issued during the year                   | ₩             |                | ÷              | p -            |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 50,000        | 5.00           | 50,000         | 5.00           |

# d) Shareholding Information

Equity Shares are held by:

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company & its nominee)

50,000

50,000

# e) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend. In the event of winding-up, the equity shareholders with the sanction of special resolution are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company.

# f) Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

| Particulars   | March 31, 2022 |         | March 31, 2021 |         |
|---|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
|   | No. of Shares  | %       | No. of Shares  | %       |
| Equity shares   | 50,000         | 100.00% | 50,000         | 100.00% |
| Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company & its Nominee) |                |         |                |         |

# i) Promoters Shareholding

| Shares held by Promoters at the end of the March 31, 2022 |                           |                  |         |                          |  |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|---------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Sr. No  | Promoter Name             | No. of<br>Shares |         | % change during the year |  |  |
| 1   | Godrej Properties Ltd     | 49999            | 100.00% | 0.00%                    |  |  |
| 2   | Godrej Industries Limited | t.               | 0.00%   | 0.00%                    |  |  |

| Shares held by Promoters at the end of the March 31, 2021 |   |                           |                  |                   |                          |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Sr. No  |   | Promoter Name             | No. of<br>Shares | % of total Shares | % change during the year |
|   | 1 | Godrej Properties Ltd     | 49999            | 100.00%           | 0.00%                    |
|   | 2 | Godrej Industries Limited | 1                | 0.00%             | 0.0098                   |



# **Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)**

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 10 Other Equity

| Particulars                              | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Retained Earnings (Refer Note (a) below) | 777.51         | 799.69         |
| Opening Balance                          | (44.34)        | (22.18)        |
| Profit for the Year                      |                |                |
|  | 733.17         | 777.51         |
|  | -              |                |

# (a) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

# 12 Borrowings (Current)

| Particulars             | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Unsecured Loans         |                |                |
| Loan from Related party | 253.65         | 1,122.74       |
| Other Loans             | <del>.</del>   |                |
|                         | 253.65         | 1,122.74       |

- (a) Unsecured loan taken from related party bearing interest at the rate of 7% p.a (Previous Year 8% p.a).
- (b) Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited shall repay all amounts outstanding under the loan along with interest accrued thereof at such time and place as will be designated by Godrej Properties Limited.
- (c)The outstanding interest on borrowings as at every year-end is converted into loan as on first day of the next financial year.

| 13 | Trade Payables   | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|----|--|----------------|----------------|
|    | Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises                      | 10.20          | 17.98          |
|    | Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises | 134.00         | 215.10         |
|    | G G  | 144.20         | 233.08         |

(a) Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022

| C                           |         | Outstandi           | 0              | llowing posterior | periods from due<br>ent |        |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Particular                  | Not Due | Less than<br>1 year | 1 - 2<br>years | 2 - 3<br>years    | More than 3<br>years    | Total  |
| (i) MSME                    | 7.46    | 2.75                | -              | :*:               | -                       | 10.20  |
| (ii) Others                 | 32.18   | 43.92               | 56.32          | (57)              | 1.58                    | 134.00 |
| (iii) Disputed dues - MSME  |         | 2                   | 2              | (2)               | 9                       | 19:    |
| (iv) Disputed dues - Others | т н     |                     | -              | (2)               |                         |        |
| Total                       | 39.64   | 46.66               | 56.32          |                   | 1.58                    | 144.20 |

(b) Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2021

|                             |         | Outstanding | for foll | iods from due date |                   |        |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Particular                  | Not Due | Less than 1 | 1 - 2    | 2 - 3              | More than 3 years | Total  |
|                             |         | year        | years    | years              |                   |        |
| (i) MSME                    | 17.98   |             |          | 280                |                   | 17.98  |
| (ii) Others                 | 75.25   | 139.39      | 0.46     | 340                | 9.                | 215.10 |
| (iii) Disputed dues - MSME  | -       |             |          | 130                | σ.                | le:    |
| (iv) Disputed dues - Others | 2       |             | -        | 20                 |                   |        |
| Total                       | 93.23   | 139.39      | 0.46     | :€:                | -                 | 233.08 |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 14 Other Current Non Financial Liabilities

| Particulars          | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Statutory Dues (TDS) | 1.28           | 3.85           |
|                      | 1.28           | 3.85           |

# 15 Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

| Particulars             | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Provision for Tax (Net) | 6.63           | 6.61           |
|                         | 6.63           | 6.61           |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

as at March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 11 Deferred Tax Assets and Tax Expense

# a) Movement in Deferred Tax Balances

| Particulars                        | Balance as at April Movem<br>01, 2021 the yea | r              | Balance as at March<br>31, 202 |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------------------|
|                                    | Recogn<br>or Loss                             | ised in Profit | ¥)                             |
| Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) |   |                |                                |
| Property, Plant and Equipment      | 1.32  | (1.32)         |                                |
| Mutual Funds                       | (7.71)  | 7.71           |                                |
| Other Items                        | 4.56  | (4.56)         |                                |
| Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) | (1.83)  | 1.83           |                                |

| Particulars                        | Balance as at April 1<br>01, 2020 | Movement during the<br>year<br>Recognised in Profit<br>or Loss | 31, 2021 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) |                                   |  |          |
| Property, Plant and Equipment      | 1.24                              | 0,08   | 1.32     |
| Mutual Funds                       | (10.53)                           | 2,82   | (7.71)   |
| Other Items                        |                                   | 4.56   | 4.56     |
| Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) | (9.29)                            | 7.46   | (1.83)   |

# b) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

| Particulars                   | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 202 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Current Tax                   | * *           |              |
| Current Tax                   |               |              |
| Tax Adjustment of Prior Years |               |              |
| Deferred Tax Charge/ (Credit) | (1.83)        | (7.46        |
| Deferred Tax                  | (1.83)        | (7.46        |
| Tax Expense for the year      | (1.83)        | (7.46        |

# c) Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate

| Particulars  | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Profit Before Tax  | (46.17)       | (29.64)       |
| Tax using the Company's doinestic tax rate @ 25.17% ( Previous Year 2020 : 25.17%) | (11.62)       | (7.46)        |
| Tax effect of:   |               |               |
| Other adjustments  | 9.79          |               |
| MAT Credit Entitlement   |               | *             |
| Tax expense recognised   | (1.83)        | (7.46)        |

Notes:

a) On 30th March 2019, MCA has issued amendment regarding the income tax Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments. As per the Company's assessment, there are no material income tax uncertainties over income tax treatments during the current financial year.



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 16 Revenue from Operations

| Particulars                             | For the period ended<br>March 31, 2022 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2021 |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Maintenance Income (Refere Note No. 23) | 239.93                                 | 799.80                               |
|   | 239.93                                 | 799.80                               |

# 17 Other Income

| Particulars                              | For the period ended | For the year ended |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|
|  | March 31, 2022       | March 31, 2021     |
| Interest Income                          | 4.61                 | 5.14               |
| Income from Investment measured at FVTPL | -                    | 1.07               |
| Profit on Sale of Investments (net)      | 0.73                 | 1.91               |
| Miscellaneous Income                     | <u> </u>             | 0.31               |
|  | 5.34                 | 8.43               |

# 18 Finance Costs

| Particulars      | For the period ended | For the year ended |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| E.               | March 31, 2022       | March 31, 2021     |
| Interest Expense | 50.62                | 36.22              |
|                  | 50.62                | 36.22              |
|                  | -                    |                    |

# 19 Other Expenses

| For the period ended | For the year ended                          |
|----------------------|---|
| March 31, 2022       | March 31, 2021                              |
| 1.50                 | 3.47  |
| 3.66                 | 3.64  |
| 1.00                 | 00.1  |
| -                    | 0.11  |
| 148.77               | 554.74                                      |
| 85.00                | 236.85                                      |
| 239.93               | 799.81                                      |
|                      | March 31, 2022  1.50 3.66 1.00 148.77 85.00 |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 20 Earnings Per Share

# Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

| (i) | Profit attributable to ordinary: | sharehold | iers ( | basic) | li: |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|-----|
|     |                                  |           |        |        |     |

| Particulars   | For the period  | For the year ended |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|
|   | ended March 31, | March 31, 2021     |
|   | 2022            |                    |
| Profit for the year, attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company | (44.34)         | (22.18)            |
| 6   | (44.34)         | (22.18)            |

| (ii) | Weighted average numb | er of ord | linary sl | hares (basi | ic and di | uted) |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------|
|------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------|

| Particulars   | For the period  | For the year ended |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|
|   | ended March 31, | March 31, 2021     |
|   | 2022            |                    |
| Veighted Average number of Equity Shares for the year | 50,000          | 50,000             |
| ,   | 50,000          | 50,000             |

(88.68) (44.36)Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 21 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

# a) Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

|                                | Carry                           | ing amount        |        |         | Fair va | lue           |       |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------------|-------|
| March 31, 2022                 | Fair value<br>through profit or | Amortised<br>Cost | Total  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3       | Total |
| Financial Assets               |                                 |                   |        |         |         |               |       |
| Current                        |                                 |                   |        |         |         |               |       |
| Investments                    |                                 |                   |        | -       | 525     | 74            |       |
| Trade receivables              | ÷                               | 665.57            | 665.57 |         | :=:     | (*)           | 15    |
| Cash and cash equivalents      | 9                               | 0.13              | 0.13   | 2.1     |         | -             | - 5   |
| Bank balances other than above |                                 | 55.64             | 55.64  |         | 300     | (2)           | 1.5   |
| Other Current Financial Assets |                                 | 0.43              | 0.43   | -       | 383     | \$ <b>5</b> 0 |       |
|                                | -                               | 721.77            | 721.77 | 3.5     |         | 19/1-         |       |
| Financial Liabilities          |                                 |                   |        |         |         |               |       |
| Current                        |                                 |                   |        |         |         |               |       |
| Borrowings                     |                                 | 253.65            | 253.65 | (*)     |         | 35.5          | - 2   |
| Trade Payables                 |                                 | 144.20            | 144.20 | - 20    |         | _ (4)         |       |
|                                |                                 | 397.85            | 397.85 | 3€7     | 3.04    | 5.00          | - 3   |

|                                | Carry | ying amount       |          |         | Fair va | lue     |       |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| March 31, 2021                 |       | Amortised<br>Cost | Total    | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Tota  |
| Financial Assets               |       |                   |          |         |         |         |       |
| Current                        |       |                   |          |         |         |         |       |
| Investments                    | 43.40 |                   | 43.40    | 43.40   | 5.25    | S₩3     | 43.40 |
| Trade receivables              |       | 1,404.97          | 1,404.97 | 120     | 876     |         | 3     |
| Cash and cash equivalents      | 54    | 0.29              | 0.29     |         | 2.00    | 3.963   | 8     |
| Bank Balances other than above | - 3   | 206.89            | 206.89   | -       | 220     | -       | 39    |
| Other Current Financial Assets |       | 1.72              | 1.72     |         |         | •       |       |
|                                | 43.40 | 1,613.86          | 1,657.26 | 43.40   |         |         | 43.40 |
| Financial Liabilities          |       |                   |          |         |         |         |       |
| Current                        |       |                   |          |         | ×       |         |       |
| Borrowings                     |       | 1,122.74          | 1,122.74 | 500     | 100     | 0.00    | 8     |
| Trade Payables                 |       | 233.08            | 233.08   | S#S     | 100     | )(E)    | 39    |
|                                |       | 1,355.82          | 1,355.82 | 120     | 160     | - 19    | - 3   |

#### b) Measurement of Fair Value

(i) The fair values of investments in mutual fund units is based on the net asset value ('NAV') as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at Balance Sheet date. NAV represents the price at which the issuer will issue further units of mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors.



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

#### c) Risk Management Framework

The Company's Board of Directors have overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company follows the Holding Company's risk management policies to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations

The management monitors compliance of risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The management is assisted in its oversight role by group's internal audit team. Internal audit undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the management.

# d) Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- (i) Credit Risk
- (ii) Liquidity Risk
- (iii) Market Risk.



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

- 21 Financial instruments Fair values and risk management (Continued)
- d) Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers, investments in mutual funds, cash and cash equivalents and balances with banks, etc. Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers, investments in debt securities, loans given to related parties and project deposits.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

#### Trade Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by requiring customers to pay advances through progress billings before transfer of ownership, therefore substantially eliminating the Company's credit risk in this respect.

The Company's credit risk with regard to trade receivable has a high degree of risk diversification, due to to the project having numerous customers.

As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables to mitigate the risk of default payments and makes appropriate provision at each reporting date wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk.

There is no impairment in respect of trade receivables during the year.

The ageing of trade receivables is as follows:

| Particulars         | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|
| More than 12 Months | 656.77         | 63.72          |
| Others              | 8.80           | 1,341.24       |
| Closing balance     | 665.57         | 1,404.96       |

The Company does not have any Trade Receivables for which credit risk has increased significantly.

#### Investment in Mutual Funds

Investments in mutual funds are generally made in debt based funds, with approved credit ratings as per the investment policy of the company.

# Cash and Bank balances

Credit risk from cash and bank balances is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy.



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

- 21 Financial instruments Fair values and risk management (Continued)
- d) Financial risk management (Continued)

# (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and / or debt based liquid scheme of mutual funds, which carry no/low mark to market risks.

The Company does not have any derivative financial liabilities.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

|  | Carrying Amount |        | Contr               | actual cash flows |           |                      |
|--|-----------------|--------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| March 31, 2022                                     |                 | Total  | Within 12<br>months | 1-2 years         | 2-5 years | More than 5<br>years |
| Borrowings   | 253.65          | 253.65 | 253.65              |                   |           |                      |
| Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities | 144.20          | 144.20 | 144.20              | 8                 | ÷         | *                    |

|                | Carrying Amount | Carrying Amount |                     |           | Contractual cash flows |                      |  |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| March 31, 2021 |                 | Total           | Within 12<br>months | 1-2 years | 2-5 years              | More than 5<br>years |  |
| Borrowings     | 1,122.74        | 1,122.74        | 1,122.74            |           |                        |                      |  |
| Trade Payables | 233.08          | 233.08          | 233.08              | *         | 2                      | ¥                    |  |

Note: The Company has sufficient current assets comprising of Other Receivables, Cash & Cash Equivalents, Investment in Fixed Deposit, Other Bank Balances (other than restricted balances), and Other Current Financial Assets to manage the liquidity risk, if any in relation to current financial liabilities.



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 21 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

# d) Financial risk management (Continued)

# (iii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

#### a) Currency Risk

The Company does not have any foreign currency transactions and hence is not exposed to currency risk.

#### b) Interest Rate Risk

The company does not have any borrowings and hence is not exposed to interest risk.

# 22 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The company monitors capital using a ratio of "Net Debt to Equity". For this purpose, net debt is defined as total borrowings (including interest accrued) less cash and bank balance and other current investments.

The Company's net debt to equity ratio is as follows:

INR (in Lakhs)

| Particulars              | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Net debt                 | 197.88         | 872.16         |
| Total equity             | 738.18         | 782.52         |
| Net debt to Equity ratio | 0.27           | 1.11           |
|                          |                |                |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

#### 23 Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

- (a) The amount of INR 239.93 Lakhs (Previous Year: INR 799.80 Lakhs) recognised in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year has been recognised as revenue during the year ended March 31, 2022.
- (b) Reconciliation of revenue as per contract price and as recognised in the statement of profit and loss:

| Particulars.   | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers as per contract price and statement of profit and loss | 239.93         | 799.80         |

#### (c) Performance obligation

The Company engaged primarily in the business of maintenance of real estate properties.

All the Contracts entered with the customers consists of a single performance obligation thereby the consideration allocated to the performance obligation is based on standalone selling prices.

Revenue is recognised to the extent of maintenance expenses incurred by the Company towards maintenance of respective projects.

The Company has a credit evaluation policy based on which the credit limits for the trade receivables are established and the Company does not give significant credit period resulting in no significant financing component

The revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. In certain cases, the Company has contracts where the period between the transfer of the services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year.

Any costs incurred that do not contribute to satisfying performance obligations are excluded from the Company's input methods of revenue recognition as the amounts are not reflective of our transferring control of services to the customer. Determination of revenues under the satisfaction of performance obligation at a point in time necessarily involves making estimates, some of which are of a technical nature, concerning, where relevant, the timing of satisfaction of performance obligation and the expected revenues from the project or activity. Estimates of project income, as well as project costs, are reviewed periodically. The Company recognizes revenue when it company satisfies its performance obligation

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as at March 31, 2022 is INR NIL (Previous Year: Nil Lakhs).

Significant changes in contract asset and contract liabilities balances are as follows:

| Particulars   |     | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|---|-----|----------------|----------------|
| Contract asset  |     |                | *              |
| At the beginning of the reporting period                            |     | 1,404.96       | 74.0           |
| Cumulative catch-up adjustments to revenue affecting contract asset |     | (739,40)       | 1,330.9        |
| At the end of the reporting period                                  |     | 665.57         | 1,484.9        |
| Contract liability  |     |                |                |
| At the beginning of the reporting period                            |     | 79             |                |
| Cumulative catch-up adjustments affecting contract liability        |     | 12             |                |
| Significant financing component                                     | No. | 74             | 12             |
| At the end of the reporting period                                  |     | 92             |                |



# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 24 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

# a) Contingent Liabilities

| Contingent liabilities Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts                         | March 31, 2022<br>Nil | March 31, 2021<br>Nil |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Commitments   |                       | 10                    |
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net | Nil                   | Nil                   |
| of advances)  |                       |                       |
| 700   |                       |                       |

# 25 Payment to Auditors (Net of taxes)

| Particulars               | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Audit Fees                | 1.00           | 1.00           |
| Reimbursement of Expenses |                | 0.05           |
| Total                     | 1.00           | 1.05           |

# 26 Related Party Disclosures

Related Party Disclosures as required by Ind AS - 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below:

Relationships:

Shareholders (Holding Company)

GGCPPL is the Subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited (GPL).

The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

| Nature of Transaction                    | Godrej Properties<br>Limited (Holding<br>Company) | Total    |
|--|---|----------|
| Loan taken (Including accrued interest)  |   | 75.X     |
| Current Year                             | 230.95  | 230.95   |
| Previous Year                            | 1,122.74  | 1,122.74 |
| Loan Repayment                           |   |          |
| Current Year                             | 1,100.04  | 1,100.04 |
| Previous Year                            | 8 *   |          |
| Interest Expenses                        |   |          |
| Current Year                             | 50.62   | 50.62    |
| Previous Year                            | 36.22   | 36.22    |
| Expenses recovered                       |   |          |
| Current Year                             | 980.00  | 980.00   |
| Previous Year                            | 510.40  | 510.40   |
| Balance Outstanding as on March 31, 2022 |   |          |
| Amount Payables                          |   |          |
| Current Year                             | 253.65  | 253.65   |
| Previous Year                            | 1,122.74  | 1,122.74 |



Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 27 Analytical Ratios

| Sr.No. | Ratio                            | March 31, 2022 | March 31, 2021 | Change % | Reason for more than 25% change |
|--------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| 1      | Current ratio                    | 277            |                | 1000     | enange                          |
|        | Debt-Equity Ratio (Gross)        | 2.77           | 1.56           | 0.77     | NA NA                           |
| 3      | Debt-Equity Ratio (Net)          | 0.34           | 1.43           | (0.76)   | NA NA                           |
| 4      | Debt service coverage ratio      | 0.27           | 1.11           | (0.76)   | NA NA                           |
| 5      | Return on equity ratio           | 9.48           | 4.55           | 1.09     | NA NA                           |
|        | Inventory turnover ratio         | -0.06          | (0.03)         | 1.09     | NA NA                           |
|        | Trade receivables turnover ratio | 0.00           |                |          | - CA                            |
| 8      | Trade payables turnover ratio    | 0.23           | 1.08           | (0.79)   | NA NA                           |
| 9      | Net capital turnover ratio       | 1.27           | 1.81           | (0.30)   | NA NA                           |
| 10     | Net profit ratio                 | 0.32           | 1.01           | (0.68)   | NA NA                           |
|        | Return on capital employed       | -0.18          | (0.03)         | 5.59     | NA NA                           |
| 12     | Return on investment             | 10.0           | 10.0           | (0.44)   | NA NA                           |
|        | Tripen ou mreaulent              | 0.03           | 0.05           | (0.26)   | NA<br>NA                        |

Formulae for computation of ratios are as follows:

| Sr.   | No.   | <b>Particulars</b>           | ,  |
|-------|-------|------------------------------|--|
|       |       | _                            | <u>Formula</u>   |
|       | 1 (   | Current Ratio                | Current Assets   |
|       |       |                              | Current Liabilities  |
| :     | 2 [   | Debt-Equity Ratio (Gross)    | Total Data (Co   |
|       |       | -19 x1abo (G1088)            | Total Debt [Current Borrowings + Non-Current Borrowings] Shareholder's Equity [Total Equity]   |
|       |       |                              | Official Color of Equity (10tal Equity)  |
| 3     | B E   | Debt-Equity Ratio (Net)      | Total Debt (Current Borrowings + Non Cyrear Days )   |
|       |       |                              | Total Debt [Current Borrowings + Non-Current Borrowings] - Cash and Cash Equivalents - Bank Balances other than<br>above - Deposit With Banks (Other Non-Current Non Financial Assets) - Investments [Current]   |
|       |       |                              | Shareholder's Equity [Total Equity]  |
| 4     | מ     | ebt Service Coverage Ratio   |  |
|       |       | oot bervice Coverage Rano    | Earnings available for debt service (Profit/(loss) before tax + Finance cost + Finance cost included in Cost of Sales +  Depreciation and amortisation expense!  |
|       |       |                              |  |
|       |       |                              | Finance Cost (excludes interest accounted on customer advance as per EIR Principal) + Principal Payment due to Non-<br>Current Borrowing repayable within one year   |
|       |       |                              | Current Borrowing repayable within one year  |
| 5     | Re    | eturn on Equity Ratio        | Profit/(loss) for the year   |
|       |       |                              | Average Shareholder's Equity (Total Equity)  |
|       | _     |                              |  |
| 6     | Inv   | ventory Turnover Ratio       | Cost of Material Consumed + Changes in inventories of finished goods and construction work-in-progress   |
|       |       |                              | Average Inventory  |
| 7     | Тга   | ade Receivables Turnover Rat | Dansey C. A.   |
|       |       | Tarnover Kat                 | Average Trade Receivables  |
|       |       | w.)                          | Tivelage Hade Receivables  |
| 8     | Tra   | ide Payables Turnover Ratio  | Cost of Material Consumed + Changes in inventories of finished goods and construction work-in-progress   |
|       |       |                              | Average Trade Payables   |
| 9     | Net   | Capital Turnover Ratio       |  |
|       | 1400  | Capital Turnover Ratio       | Revenue from Operations  |
|       |       |                              | Average Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities)   |
| 10    | Net   | profit ratio                 | Profit/(loss) for the year   |
|       |       |                              | Total Income   |
| , ,   | ъ.    | _                            | PLONG TO THE PROPERTY OF THE P |
| 11    | Ken   | ım on Capital Employed       | Earnings before Interest and Tax [Profit / (Loss) before tax + Finance cost]   |
|       |       |                              | Average Capital Employed {Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability (net of Deferred Tax Assets)}   |
| 12    | Retu  | rn on Investment             | Other Inserts Described 12x Assets)  |
|       |       |                              | Other Income - Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net) - Miscellaneous Income  |
| 0     |       |                              |  |
| Ø.    | Co    | 1                            | Non Financial Assets) + Investments (Current) + Investment in Fully paid-up Equity Instruments   |
| 4.416 | Class | 11.                          |  |

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park4, Nesco Center,

# Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Currency in INR Lakhs)

# 28 Segment reporting

# a) General Information

For management purposes, the Company has only one reportable segment, namely maintenance of real estate property. The Board of Directors of the Company act as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators.

# b) Information about Geographical Area

The geographic information analyses the Company's revenue and Non-Current Assets other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefit assets by the Company's country of domicile and other countries. As the Company is engaged in Development of Real Estate property in India, it has only one reportable geographical segment.

# c) Information about major customers

None of the customers for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 constituted 10% or more of the total revenue of the Company.

29 Disclosure pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

| Name of the entity and relation with the Company, if applicable | Terms and conditions of the investments |
|---|---|
| ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund                                    | Regular Growth Funds                    |
| UTI-Liquid Cash Plan  | Regular Growth Funds                    |
| UTI Money Market  | Regular Growth Funds                    |
| UTI Overnight Fund - Growth                                     | Regular Growth Funds                    |
| Axis Liquid Fund - Growth                                       | Regular Growth Funds                    |

# 31st March 2022

| Name of party                | Opening<br>balance | Additions during the year | Sold during<br>the year | Adjustments during the year | i Clasing balance |
|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund | 1.76               | 740                       | 1.76                    | n (e)                       | 35                |
| UTI-Liquid Cash Plan         |                    | 39                        | 2                       | 11 <u>2</u> 2               | 2                 |
| UTI Money Market Fund        |                    | ec.                       | 5                       | S#3                         | #%                |
| UTI Overnight Fund - Growth  | 2.48               | 20                        | 2.48                    | 1961                        | : <b>=</b> □      |
| Axis Liquid Fund - Growth    | 39.16              | 120                       | 39.16                   |                             | 220               |
| Total                        | 43.40              |                           | 43.40                   | ·                           | : <b>-</b> )      |

# 31st March 2021

| Name of party   | Opening<br>balance | Additions during the year | Sold during<br>the year | Adjustments<br>during the year | Closing balance |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund  | 9.27               | 2                         | 7.70                    | 0.19                           | 1.76            |
| UTI-Liquid Cash Plan  | 33.51              | a                         | 33.96                   | 0.45                           | 20              |
| UTI Money Market Pund   | 61.98              | (a)                       | 62.90                   | 0.92                           | (#)             |
| UTY Operation of the Control of the | : <del>-</del>     | 36.85                     | 34.70                   | 0.34                           | 2.48            |
| Ays Liquid Neric Werowth  | 04                 | 38.23                     |                         | 0.93                           | 39.16           |
| Nesco Center, Western Express Highway.  | 104.75             | 75.07                     | 139.26                  | 2.84                           | 43.40           |

30 Additional disclosure to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises :

| Particulars   | March 31,<br>2022 | March 31,<br>2021 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| (a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year;   | 10.20             | 17.98             |
| (b) The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year;   | Nil               | Nil               |
| (c) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year  | NiI               | Nil               |
| (d) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006;                            | Nil               | Nil               |
| e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year  | Nil               | NiI               |
| f) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the surpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23. | NiI               | Nil               |

Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries"

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Company has assessed the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of Investments and other assets / liabilities. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company, as at the date of approval of these financial results has used internal and external sources of information. As on current date, the Company has concluded that the impact of COVID – 19 is not material based on these estimates. Due to the nature of the pandemic, the Company will continue to monitor developments to identify significant uncertainties in future periods, if any.

As per our report of even date.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

VIREN SO

Partner
Membership No: 117694

Mumbai 03-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited

CIN: U74900MH2011PTC243782

AMANDEEP SINGH Director

DIN: 07144214

CHIRAG AKRUWALA

Director DIN: 07582355